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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1866.

MAIL GLEANINGS.

PROF. BLOT is cooking theoretically in Cincinnati.

ANOTHER DEAD MAN has been found, and another murder attempted, in Chicago.

A MOVEMENT, headed by Mayor Hoffman, has been inaugurated in New York to establish a free hospital for the poor of all classes in Atlanta, Ga.

A DETROIT police sergeant, Daniel W. Fales, has been arraigned in that city for the murder, in the month of August, of a colored man named Thorn Douglas.

THE Dyspeptic and Rheumatics are the titles of two base ball clubs, composed of artists and engravers in New York. In a late match game Dispepsia got ahead of Rheumatism.

HENRY BERGH has written a letter calling for merciful means of transportation of cattle from the West to New York. Similar demands might be made on behalf of "humans" transported on certain lines.

THE boiler of the steam tug Knickerbocker exploded on Monday, while the vessel lay at her pier, No. 52 North River, New York. Two men were somewhat injured, and the boat was torn to fragments.

MCVICHER & MEYERS, of the Chicago Theatre, announce that they will immediately tear away the partition between the white and colored portions of their audience. When the theatres do this and the Chicago *Times* advocate negro suffrage, what wont happen?

THE trial trip of the fast United States sloop of war Madawasha, commenced on Friday last, and she will return at the beginning of next week. She carries seventeen guns, is 2,135 tons burden, new measurement. She was built at the navy-yard, and launched in the summer of 1865.

THE ARTESIAN WELL at the stock yards in Chicago has reached water, and the pure, crystal liquid is flowing at the rate of sixty thousand gallons every twenty-four hours. This is not enough, and they are going to keep boring till they get one hundred and fourteen thousand gallons per day.

THE HEALTH COMMISSIONERS of Baltimore, in view of the recent sickness in that city, produced by eating diseased oysters, have ordered an inspection of all the bivalves offered in the market. We cannot help thinking that we should like to be "taster" for the board of inspection.

ON the 20th instant, the new patents will be issued in place of the old style, which were much larger, and therefore more expensive to the Patent Office, from the greater quantity of parchment used. Another important and economical change to be made is that of printing the specifications, instead of having them written, as heretofore, by copyists.

ON SATURDAY the sixty-first anniversary of the New York County Medical Society was celebrated at the College of Surgeons. The following bill of fare for a light supper before going to bed, was practically indorsed by the two hundred and seventy physicians present:

Oysters, fried; boned turkey, with gellee; chicken salad, French style; beef tongue, smoked, garnished; boiled Westphalen ham; Philadelphia chicken; tame ducks and geese, roast; corned beef, American style; lobster salad; sandwiches; plain celery; merengue of apple, a la Parisienne; vanilla and strawberry ice cream; white and claret wine punch; fruits; coffee.

A CALL has been issued for a Convention of the Superintendents of the Common Schools of the State of Pennsylvania to meet in Harrisburg on the 4th of December. Important changes in the School law will be proposed for the consideration of the Convention, providing for an increase of the minimum length of the annual school term; the establishment of uniformity of text book in each county; the support of "county institutes" by public appropriations; the abolishment of "provisional certificates;" the creation of district superintendencies; the increase of "district institutes," and the enlargement of the number of the branches of study required by law.

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, November 14, 1866.

The *quid nunes* are sorely exercised upon the subject of the incoming administration. The amount of guessing which this subject has developed, would do credit to Connecticut, and is totally at variance with the stolidity of Pennsylvania's character. One day these "learned pigs" have Cochran, of York county, as the coming man for Secretary of State, F. Carroll Brewster for Attorney General, Frank Jordan for Adjutant General. Next day comes a new deal of the cards, and Purviance, of Allegheny, is the Attorney General, Johnson, of Crawford county, is the Secretary of State and some hero the Adjutant. Again, Slifer and Meredith are to retain their positions, or, if Slifer goes out, Jordan, of Bedford, goes in, and so on, until ordinary heads like that of your correspondent, ache like into Mr. Truthlow's, and I have as much difficulty as that very amiable nobody, and from the same prolific cause. Oh! that political trickery and Mr. Vespering were safely at the Devil with all their Tribe.

I am in constant dread that it will be discovered that this "great State of Pennsylvania" is going to utter extinction (even as it "the hopes of mankind") unless "Hawkeye" can be induced to emerge from his den, and, yielding himself up a sacrifice to appease the political furies, accept the office of State. My friends endeavor to reassure me, but my dread is great nevertheless. I may escape.

The leeches here are making desperate efforts to perpetuate their power by those surrounding weary with a cordon of the "Ring." "It won't do. One thing—and it is the only thing now known of the future administration—is the sure, the next Governor of the State will be governed by a man who will either elevate the character of Pennsylvania or break his political neck in the attempt, and he will do this with the full knowledge that the firmly organized rascality of the ring will try to kill him if he makes war on it. Geary, however, has an uncomfortable fondness for a scrimmage, and you may expect a bitter fight within the next year from the 15th of January proximo.

The Senatorial contest seems to enjoy a lull. I cannot discover any strength for Grow. Forney, or Bigham. Yet, I think that the thunderbolts are lying round loose in crushing profusion, and that when these Legislative *Joves* proceed to gather them, (and hurl the same) that we shall all be astonished at their power. I shall I know.

We are in hourly dread of hearing that the foundations of civil Liberty have given way, and the bulwarks of the State gone under. For why? They have elected two negroes to the Legislature in Massachusetts! Now comes the fact. Within a short period ignorance, vice, infidelity, corruption, stupidity, and all manner of evils must come on that hide-bound commonwealth, or the Democracy must hand over the mantle of Elijah Sewall, Esq., and shut up shop. The future is big with danger, but 5-20 bonds remain exasperatingly firm. HAWKEYE.

(By the Merchants' National Telegraph Co.)

From Oil City.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

OIL CITY, Nov. 14.

Weather cloudy. River sixteen inches. Oil market dull. R.

FRANKLIN, Nov. 14.—River at Oil City fourteen inches and falling. Weather cloudy. River at Oleopolis twelve inches. Weather cloudy.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 275. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

Boots and Shoes.

Good at the Opera House Shoe Store.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

Boots and Shoes

Cheap at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Boots and Shoes.

Best in the city. Gardner's Opera House Shoe Store.

Boots and Shoes

Warranted at Gardener's Opera House Shoe Store.

Remember,

Good Cough Candy can be obtained at 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. GEO. BEAVEN.

Boots and Shoes.

New stock just received at the celebrated Opera House Shoe Store.

Boots and Shoes

Of the most improved styles and best material at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Boots and Shoes

Rivited gratis, equal to two months wear—what an item. Opera House Shoe Store.

Boots and Shoes

Repaired free if they do not prove satisfactory, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all Kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

Perfumery.

Lovers of good perfumery will find it a pleasure to examine and make their selections from such a stock as can be found at McClarran & McKennan's drug store. Their assortments has always been considered the best in the city, but at present far supasses any previous display. The finest French, English and American goods can be found there in profusion, consisting of Extracts, Pomades, Hair Oils, Colognes, Soaps, Powders, Cosmetics, &c. The trade of this house is so great and the stock so well managed, that goods do not remain on hand a sufficient length of time for them to loose any of their excellence or in the least deteriorate.

TELEGRAMS.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY THE PERSIA.

The Queen and the Quebec Sufferers—Mr. Kright's Speech—Fatal Catastrophe—Napoleon's Health—Alliance of Russia and Prussia—The "Times" on the Situation—The Queen of Spain Hissed—Empress Carlotta Improving —Attentions by the Pope—Account of the Attempt to Assassinate the Emperor of Austria—Commercial.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The steamer Persia brings Liverpool dates to the 3d inst., and Queenstown to the 4th inst.

Large subscriptions were making in behalf of the sufferers by the Quebec fire.

The Queen has placed St. James palace at the disposal of her relative, King George of Hanover.

Mr. Seymour Fitzgerald, formerly Under Secretary of British Foreign Affairs, has accepted the Governorship of Bombay.

An active emigration from Liverpool to Texas was in progress.

Mr. Bright made another important speech in Dublin on the 22d.

The reported illness of Lord Clarendon is denied. He was in Italy, enjoying perfect health.

Twenty-five persons had perished in a colliery, by gas explosion, near Newcastle.

All legitimate encouragement has been officially promised the delegation in behalf of the Nicaragua railroad enterprise.

La Patrie in dispatches says: M. Berthenney has been nominated Ambassador at Washington.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says: "The Emperor's health has improved considerably."

The Paris *Presse* says: The alliance between Russia and Prussia is an accomplished fact, entered into with reference to a special object, and in anticipation of events already determined upon.

The *Presse* also says: If Russia, in execution of her plans, should meet with any obstacles from the Turks, Prussia will range herself on her side. If any foreign intervention should thwart the work of assimilation, Northern Germany is already prepared for the energetic action. The United States stand south of the Main. Prussia can rely on the armed cooperation of Russia. It also points out the community of interests between Prussia and Russia in the work of nationalizing Poland.

The London *Times*, in an article indicating a change of the government policy, makes a short mention of Constantinople and the Ottoman Empire altogether, while, on the contrary, attaching importance to the destinies of Egypt sufficiently great to warrant the sacrifice of the last shilling and the last soldier of England.

There was an increasing unpopularity against the Queen of Spain among her subjects, she was recently hissed at a theatre. It was rumored that the government contemplated a *coup de'etat*.

Baron's entry into the cabinet has strengthened the Austrian policy of conciliation towards Hungary.

All the cholera has nearly ceased at Perth.

An imperial manifesto orders the Prussian military and naval forces raised to their full strength by recruiting throughout the whole empire, and asking four from every thousand of the male population.

Intelligence from Candia has been mainly anticipated by the Cable dispatches. Three thousand insurgents, who had taken refuge in the caves of Meridoni, were drowned by the rising of the tides.

News from Brazil represent that Lopez, on the part of Paraguay, had made proposals for peace, which were rejected by the Allies, when the battle of Curapayty was fought, and the Allies met with a serious defeat.

The Empress Carlotta is improving.

The Pope has distributed to the Cardinals two occasions delivered by his Holiness, in consistory, held on the 24th. In the first the Pope deplores the persecutions of the Church by the Italian government; the suppression of the religious orders; the secularization of the Ecclesiastical property; the new law of civil marriage, he declares to be null and void and repeats the censures of the Church against their authors. Nevertheless, His Holiness declares that he accords his benediction to Italy.

The Pope further protests against the invasion and annexation of the pontifical provinces and against the project of making Rome the capital of the new kingdom. He states that the temporal power is indispensible to the independence of the spiritual power, and declares that he is ready even to suffer death for the maintenance of the sacred rights of the Holy See, and, if necessary, to seek in another country the requisite security for the better exercise of his apostolic ministry.

Finally, his Holiness prays that Italy may repent of the evils which she has brought upon that land.

In the second allocution his Holiness states that the Russian Government has violated the concordate of 1847, and recalls the persecutions against the Archbishop of Mohilow and Warsaw; the suppression of the dioceses of Bishops of their legitimate jurisdiction; the abolition of religious orders in Poland; all of which tend to the destruction of Catholicism in Russia. His Holiness concludes by offering up a prayer that the Czar may put an end to the persecutions of Catholics in the Russian dominions.

The Vienna journals contain the following account of the attempt on the life of the Emperor of Austria: On the evening of the 27th of October, the Emperor Francis Joseph visited the Czech Theatre at Prague, where he was received with the National Anthem. His Majesty witnessed the performance for about an hour and on leaving the theatre, just as the Emperor had entered his carriage, the English Captain, Hugh F. F. Palmer, who was present, observed a servant a man raising his right hand with a pistol in it, and pointing it at the carriage. Captain Palmer had already, before the Emperor came out, observed the man in company with another and thought that he had seen something like a pistol in his hand, which caused him to watch him closely. When the pistol was pointed at the carriage, Captain Palmer distinctly noticed the cock, but could not see whether there was any percussion cap on. At the moment he observed this, he threw his left arm around the neck of the man, and with his right seized the hand that held the pistol, pushing it downwards, and then it seemed to him that the man dropped the pistol into the side pocket of his paletot. At this moment the Imperial carriage drove away, upon which Captain Palmer dragged the would-be-assassin across the street and handed him over to the police.

LIVERPOOL, November 13—The stock of cotton is port is 665,000 bales, of which 260,000 are Amer ican. Flour quiet at late rates. Wheat in limited demand; Winter Red and Southern, 9s 9d@10s 4d per cwt. Indian Corn about 6d easier than on Tuesday last. Mixed American, 33s@33s 9d. Beef, lower. Pork, lower. Bacon, prices tend downward. Lard, American, 57@59s.

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Military Stores at Montreal—Accident on the Beauharness Canal.

MONTREAL, November 14.—A large quantity of military stores are continuing to arrive here, among which is a number of Armstrong guns.

A serious accident has occurred to lock No. 7 on the Beauharness Canal, and navigation is likely to be interrupted for several days.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WOOL GROWERS' CONVENTION.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CLEVELAND, November 14, 1866.

Never upon this Continent, has there assembled a Convention more important to the agricultural world than that which commenced its sessions here to-day. It is composed of the wool growers of our country, and every State engaged to any extent in sheep raising has its representatives in the assembly, and the deliberations will be looked for with much interest.

Among the delegates we observe Edwin and George Hammond, Victor Wright, Col. Stowell, W. A. Saxon, E. R. Clay, H. N. Monger, of Vermont; Hon. H. B. Pottele, A. F. Wilcox, and others; Ell stelson, President of the Wisconsin Agricultural Society; A. N. Garland, George McConnell, Hon. A. B. McConnell, S. D. Boarden, of Illinois; Thomas Goelry, W. F. Grier, Jos. Worcester, H. A. Peck, Denis Trent, I. Park Alexander, W. Williams, and others, of Ohio; Dr. F. J. LeMoyne, James Slocum, I. McDonald Glenn, Gen. Harry White, and Winsteuber.

During the afternoon and evening sessions there was a large and increased attendance. The Hon. Robert Montgomery, of Ohio, presided, administering the office M President with dignity and ability. The members present were earnest men, and thoroughly awake to the interests they represented, and fully qualified to understand and press such measures necessary to secure the highest success to those interests.

Eloquent and pertinent addresses were made by several of the delegates. The tenor of all the remarks was that the sole object of the convention was to inaugurate fresh efforts on the part of all interested, to secure the passage of the tariff bill postponed by the Senate at the last session of Congress. The necessity for this was urged with much ability, and fortified with strong and various arguments.

A Committee, consisting of one from each State represented, was appointed to draft resolutions, and reported strongly in favor of home protection and a high tariff, after which the Convention adjourned to meet on Thursday morning.

THE FENIANS.

Continuance of the Trials—The Argument in Whelan's Case—Progress of the Trial—Sentenced to Death.

TORONTO, November 14.—The Court resumed its sitting this morning, the Hon. Justice John Wilson presiding. The Sheriff having called over the jury panel, His Lordship directed the indictment against Daniel Whelan, in whose case Mr. McKenzie challenged the array of jurors yesterday, to be brought in.

Mr. McKenzie—I would ask your Lordship to allow me a few minutes private consultation with the prisoner before the jury is sworn.

His Lordship—Well, let it be a short one; all day yesterday was wasted through your objections.

Mr. McKenzie: I regret to hear your Lordship express yourself so; I have always given you credit for candor, and thought you would give the same. Although you may view these objections as trivial, with all our respect to your opinion, I am convinced in turn that they are important in the eyes of the prisoner.

Mr. McKenzie, after having consulted with his client, read and put in an affidavit made by the prisoner, setting forth at length the objections taken to the jurors in challenging, in which he begged to quash the panel; in the event of refusing to quash the jury list, or to grant a stay of proceedings upon the Attorney General of Upper Canada, to show cause why he should not be pursued; or else to put off the trial.

Hon. J. H. Cameron, on the part of the Crown, stated that there was no fact alleged in the affidavit, which would warrant such a course.

His Lordship—I decline the application.

Mr. McKenzie then claimed that as the prisoner was an alien, he should be tried by a jury *decommuda lingua*.

Hon. Mr. Cameron objected on the ground that the prisoner had since dy pleaded to the indictment.

His Lordship—I think the prisoner should not be permitted to forfeit that right, or, except be drawn up and handed to the sheriff to summon as jurymen, six citizens of the United States.

Mr. McKenzie—As this may take some time and make delay, after consultation with my friend, I have agreed to waive my right. Mr. Cameron stated that he required the prisoner, COLONEL O'NEIL.

His Lordship desired him to be sent for. Mr. McNabe opened the case for the Crown in a short address and called John Metcalf, who being sworn, deposed as follows: I live in Buffalo; following statement at St. Catherine: He said he was an American, born in Jackson county, State of New York; that he lived a portion of his time in Canada; that he left for Buffalo some three years ago, and left there for Buffalo on the 30th of May to go to Ireland to liberate Ireland; that he came over with several others to Canada in canal boats; was wounded at Lime Ridge. He said that he returned at Lime Ridge because the officer in command had given a wrong order; he said there were 1,500 men engaged at Ridgeway under command of Col. O'Neil. He stated that the Fenians were obliged to retire in consequence of the heavy fire from our troops.

Robert Bloomfield, sworn—Am prisoner in jail under sentence of death. My home is Louisville, Kentucky; was employed formerly in the army, but latterly in the Commercial Hotel there as clerk-keeper. While in the army I wrote several letters home, which, however, was not specially employed; was in Canada in the beginning of June; was reporter for the *Louisville Courier*. Newspaper report to Mr. James McDermot, of Louisville, who held the position of Adjutant General of the Fenian Brotherhood for the State of Kentucky. He was to receive the letters as I have them published; was not armed at the time I was captured or come over in a military capacity. I saw the prisoner in June last when he said he wanted to get back on the American side; do not know whether the prisoner is a Fenian or not.

Several affidavits as to character were then put in. Mr. McKenzie briefly addressed the jury on behalf of the prisoner, saying that he was brought over here when under the influence of drink, consequently he was not responsible for the act.

His Lordship having charged the Jury they retired at twenty minutes to two. At five minutes to two o'clock, the jury returned with their verdict of guilty. By the Hon. Cameron then moved for sentence. Mr. McKenzie moved an arrest of judgment on the following grounds as in the case of the Queen vs. Hayden.

His Lordship then addressed the prisoner, who having nothing to say why the sentence should not be passed, ordered that he be hanged on the 13th of December. The prisoner received the sentence without manifesting any unusual emotion and smiled with evident indifference on leaving the court.

The trial of John Quinn was then proceeded with.

John Quinn, late of Rochester, and formerly of the South, was then placed in the dock. His counsel produced an affidavit stating that his trial be postponed, in order to obtain the evidence of an important witness.

His Lordship ruled the affidavit not sufficient to postpone.

Several witnesses were examined. The jury, after a short consultation, returned a verdict of "Guilty." He was then sentenced to be hanged on the 13th of December.

The Accident on the Buffalo and Erie Railroad—Further Particulars.

BUFFALO, November 14.—The following additional particulars were received on the railroad disaster near Erie: The train consisted of four passenger cars, one second and five first class coaches. The mail car, a palm coast of Wesleyville the train ran off the track in consequence of the trackmen having a rail up. The cars were thrown down a high embankment. Four passengers were killed and forty-one injured, none seriously, no limbs being broken. Many of the wounded resumed their journey about twelve remaining in the city. The following are the names of the killed: Matthew Hurst, supposed to be from Iowa; Dr. William Wheeler, of Coldbridge, Onandago county, New York; T. C. Hunt, aged about twenty years, son of Mrs. West, of Milwaukee. The following are the names of the injured: Charles Hurst, from New York, head very badly injured; John Hurst, son of Charles Hurst, cut about the head, hand and breast; and a married daughter of Charles Hurst, with two children, all bruised considerably but not dangerously; Mrs. Conner and daughter, both badly bruised about the head and limbs; Mrs. West, of Milwaukee, badly crushed, but considered out of danger.

Order No. 44 Revoked through Obedience to the President's Wish.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The *Post's* special says: General Grant has revoked orders No. 3 and 44, which he issued for the purpose of protecting the Union people of the South, by the military power. The revocation is founded upon the distinct ground that the President's order subsequently issued, nullifies the orders. General Grant tells his friends that he still believes in the necessity for such orders, but submits to his superior, who takes the responsibility.

Canadian Commissioners Sailed.

NEW YORK, November 14—The steamship Australasian sailed today for Liverpool. Among her passengers are the Canadian Commissioners.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FOREIGN ADVICES BY THE CABLE.

Russia and Prussia—England Inclined to Settle the Alabamam Claims—The Meteors—Steamship Arrived—Dissbied Steamer—British Gunboats in the China Sea—Gov. Eyre to be Indicted for Murder—The Russian Army—General Amnesty Ordered by the Turks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—A special to the *Herald* dated Berlin, Tuesday, November 13th, says: It is positively asserted that negotiations are going on for an offensive and defensive alliance between Russia and Prussia.

LONDON, November 13.—The English government and people seem to be inclined to settle the Alabama claims, if a demand is made by the United States government to that effect.

The shower of meteors has not yet fallen. It is expected to take place on Wednesday morning.

QUEENSTOWN, Tuesday, Nov. 13.—The steamship Manhattan, from New York, October 31st, arrived here to-day and proceeds to Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Nov. 13.—The steamship Peruvian which left Glasgow on the 8th inst., became disabled and was obliged to land her passengers at Ardrossan, Scotland.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The British Admiralty has unanimously resolved to indict Governor Eyre for murder.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 13.—The statement that the Prussian army was to be increased by a levy is unfounded.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Dispatches from the East announce that the British Government has ordered a general amnesty to be granted to the insurgents of Candia.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 13.—The King, to-day, formally opened the session of the Rigsdag Chambers. In his speech on that occasion he said he was convinced that Denmark would soon regain her natural frontiers by a popular vote.

BADEN, Nov. 13.—The German trans-Atlantic Company's steamship St. Santent touched here to-day en route to Havre.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—It is said that the questions pending between the United States and Great Teeutonia & Co., have been amicably settled, which will leave vessels in dispute are now lying at Liverpool and all the other property has been released.

LONDON, November 13—In spite of the many denials, rumors of a Russo-Prussian alliance continue to prevail. It is even said that the treaty provides for the admission of the United States into the alliance with a sovereign establishment in the Mediterranean sea, and guarantees that nation highly favorable commercial advantages.

COPENHAGEN, November 13.—Cholera has again broken out in this city.

LIVERPOOL, November 13.—The Cotton market is dull and drooping; middling uplands are quoted at 12½d. The sales to-day amounted to only 6,000 bales.

MANCHESTER, November 13.—The market for Woods and Yarns is heavy and lower.

LONDON, November 13.—Consols are quoted at 89¾ for money. The following are the current prices of American securities: U. S. 5-20 twenties, 69½; Illinois Central, 78½; Erie, 51¾.

LIVERPOOL, November 13—*Evening.*—The Breadstuff market is firmer. Corn has advanced 6d to 58s per 480 pounds for Mixed Western. The decision has a dull. Petroleum is quoted at is. 7½ d. 8d. for Refined.

LONDON, November 13—*Evening.*—The money market is steady. Consols, for money, 89¾. United States 5-20 Twenties, 69½; Illinois Central, 78; Erie, 52.

Society of the Army of Tennessee—Meeting at Cincinnati—Members Present—Business.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—The society of the Army of Tennessee was called to order by President Rawlings, when, after prayer by Rev. M. D. McCarty, Colonel Dayton, the secretary, read the proceedings of the preliminary meeting at Raleigh, North Carolina, on April 26th, 1865, and also of a subsequent meeting, which were adopted. The constitution defines the object of the meeting to be "to cherish the kindly and cordial feelings that distinguished the officers of the Army of the Tennessee, and contributed so largely to the success of its arms, to perpetuate the fraternal affection in acts of brotherly love to the needy in society, or their families, who may be in need of sympathy or aid, and any officer of the Army of Tennessee in good standing can also be admitted to membership, and all officers of other armies can become honorary members. The object is to hold an annual reunion. Every officer to expose the preliminary at each reunion, or address a letter to the Secretary communicating such facts about himself as may be necessary for the fraternity.

On motion, Generals Belknap, Howard, and Colonels Peckham, Kimber and Garben were appointed a committee to nominate officers for the next meeting.

At the request of Colonel Peckham, the Secretary stated that the number of officers who were thus far registered to-day was one hundred and thirty-three, and at the last banquet was two hundred and fifty, all of whom were anxious to co-operate with the society, and he had no doubt that there were over a hundred who would become acting members.

Generals Force, Wood and Giles A. Smith were appointed as a Committee to propose amendments to the constitution, and form bylaws, after which the society adjourned till half-past two P. M.

Mozart Hall is finely decorated for the occasion. Across the stage is the motto: "For God, our Country, and the Right," while stretching from the ceiling to the floor are names of all battles, participated in by the Army of the Tennessee. All around the hall are numberless flags, including many of the old regimental colors borne in action. The business of the afternoon meeting was confined mainly to reading letters from officers who could not be present, including Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Schofield and Howard, Mead, Sheridan, Schofield and others. After some discussion as to the propriety of changing the place of meeting, a committee was appointed to report on the subject to-morrow. The meeting then adjourned. To-night at a public meeting held at Mozart Hall, Generals Rawlins and Noyes delivered speeches. Letters were read and delivered by Thomas Buchanan Read was received, which closed the day's proceedings.

Future of the Democratic Party—The Chicago "Times" and the New York "World."

NEW YORK, November 14.—The recent article in the Chicago *Times* concerning the future of the Democratic party, excites general comment.

The *World* this morning counsels the Southern States to offer some sort of an amendment of their own. It says: We believe that the true way out of this difficulty is by the spontaneous action of the South itself when the Southern States have all rejected the amendment, the North will, and have thereby demonstrated that they are not responsible for the situation so far as that is concerned. We trust they will, by some method of joint action, make an unanimous proposition, referring to the recent elections and the votes of large numbers of naturalized citizens.

The *Times* urges the leaders of the Republican party to consider the bearing of the bill passed by the last Legislature, giving to all temperance and good order cannot be better secured than by a maximum course. The bill making habitual drunkenness sufficient cause for divorce has passed the Vermont Legislature by 13 to 11, with an amendment requiring that the drunkenness must be of two years duration previous to the finding of the libel.

Annual Meeting of the Maryland Baptist Union Association.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—The thirty-first annual meeting of the Maryland Baptist Union Association commenced this evening, the Rev. J. W. Williams moderator, pursuant to a call lately issued.

The meeting was held here to-day of members of the old Maryland Agricultural society, for the purpose of reorganizing the Society, which has not held a meeting since it was compelled to disband. Resolutions, headed by Col. Rower, was appointed on permanent organization.

Rapid Solution of the Baltimore Imbroglio.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—The police difficulty is rapidly coming to a solution. Nearly the entire force reported for duty to the new Commissioner this morning, through the Commissioner and his subordinates. A few have resigned, whose places are being filled by new appointments.

Mr. Gelston, counsel for Kane, it is said, will be turned over to the new Commissioners as soon as they can adjust and close up the business of the department.

Thanksgiving in Missouri—The Legislature.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 14.—Gov. Fletcher has appointed the 29th inst., as Thanksgiving day.

The Evening *News* claims the Missouri Legislature stands as follows. Senate, 25 Radicals; 8 Conservatives; House, 90 Radicals, 48 Conservatives.

Murder in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—W. Bansa and George Weigler quarrelled on Friday night about a girl, when the latter killed the former with a knife. The Coroner held an inquest and a verdict found against Weigler, who was held to await the action of the Grand jury.

Death of Rev. Dr. Jenks.

BOSTON, November 14.—Rev. Dr. Jenks, a well-known clergyman, died in this city yesterday, aged eighty-eight years. Dr. Jenks graduated at Harvard College in 1797, and of his graduating class the Hon. Horace Binney, of Philadelphia, is the only survivor.

Whereabouts of Fenian Stephens—Good Samaritans—Cotton Crop.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—There is much speculation as the whereabouts of James Stephens, C. O. I. R. Some believe him to have sailed for Ireland, while others believe him to be still in the city.

Representatives of the Independent Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria met in this city this evening to organize a Grand Lodge of the State of New York, under the jurisdiction of the Right Worthy National Grand Lodge of North America.

The Selma, Alabama, *Messenger* says: The cotton crop has been cut short by the frost fully one-fifth, which must be deducted from the lowest estimate made some two weeks since. We believe this will apply to all the cotton region north of this. The picking season has been and continues to be remarkably good, which will enable the planters to get in their crops early. We look for the receipts to fall off in December and higher prices to rule.

Efforts for Jeff. Davis' Release—Letter from Gov. Humphrey.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Messrs. Hillyer and Lowry, the Mississippi commission, to-day called upon the President by previous appointment having yesterday sent to him the resolution of the Legislature of that state in reference to Jeff. Davis. They presented to him a letter from Gov. Humphrey, who says, among other things, that those whom he represents do not seek to screen Mr. Davis from trial; that his imprisonment is not necessary to secure his presence when desired for trial; that his continual incarceration threatens fatal results to his health; that the ends of justice will be reached by admitting him to bail or parole, which they severally ask. The documents seem to assume that there will be no jury trial.

The President received the Commissioners courteously, and informed them that he would give to the application due consideration.

Tennessee Crops—General Thomas and Gen. Hood Dine Together—Gen. Jeff. V. Davis' Denial.

LOUISVILLE, November 14.—J. R. Lewis, Commissioner of the Tennessee Freedmen's Bureau, reports the cotton crop overall the average; tobacco, over full crop and quality superior; corn, nearly the average; wheat less than the average; oats, full average. The crop in East Tennessee is much better than usual.

General Thomas and the ex Confederate General Hood dined together to-day at the Louisville Hotel.

General Jeff. C. Davis denies that he was consulted in reference to the military arrangements relating to the late obsequies of the ex-Confederate General Hanson.

Poughkeepsie Boat Race—Stevens the Victor.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Nov. 14.—The five mile race here to-day, between Gilbert Ward and Wm. Stevens, resulted in a victory for the latter. Time, 38:37.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

The Wrong Man in the Right Place—A Man Arrested for one "Big Thing" and Found Guilty of Another.

We stated in Tuesday morning's paper that officer Seth Wilmot, of the Independent Police, was on the track of a man who, it was thought, had in his possession some of the money recently cut from the pocket of Mr Townsend, or New Jersey, while in this city. On Tuesday, officer Wilmot started to investigate the matter, but an accident to the train compelled him to return and defer his trip until yesterday. Yesterday he started again on his mission, and proceeded to Deer Creek, where, after a brief delay, he succeeded in arresting a man, calling himself Smith, alias Patterson, on searching the prisoner, the bills of Mr. Townsend's money were not found in his possession, but he was found to have on his person a large number of drafts, &c., were on R. Lamberton & Co., and Farmers' Bank & Co., bankers in Oil City, and were drawn by A. Coukle and made payable to various parties on the line of the petroleum region of oil. In August last these papers all disappeared, Mr. David Edgerton, of Tarentum, in whose possession they were, having lost the pocket-book containing them while riding in his buggy between Lawrenceville and the Sharpsburg bridge. Martin, as he has been ascertained, was arrested by Mr. Edgerton with some ladies, and saw the pocket-book fall. He sprang out, picked up the wallet and has retained possession of it and the papers ever since. Officer Wilmot, assisted by officer Alderman Straln and preferred a charge of constructive larceny against him. In default of $5,000 bail the prisoner was committed for a hearing on Wednesday next.

The Accident on the Buffalo and Erie Road—Where the Blame Lies.

From the Cleveland *Herald* of last evening, we extract the following concerning the fearful accident already reported by telegraph:

The accident happened near Wesleyville, about four o'clock this afternoon. The train consisted of five coaches filled with passengers, and five baggage and express cars, and it was a little behind time, to make up which it was running at the rate of forty miles an hour, on a down grade. At the point of the accident workmen were engaged in repairing the track, and had taken out two rails. They knew that a train was due, but they did not know how much, that the train was due at that time, but no signal was sent to warn the approaching train of the danger, until it was heard coming thundering around a curve, only a few rods from where the rails had been removed, when a man rushed up the track, swinging his hat. The engineer reversed his engine, the brakes were put hard on, and everything done to check the headlong speed of the train. But it was too late. The train reached the fatal spot, and plunged into the trap laid for it by the gross and criminal neglect of the workmen. The train was thrown down an embankment some ten or fifteen feet, breaking some of the cars into fragments, and piling them up into a confused mass.

The first and second passenger cars were the most injured, but the whole train was more or less damaged. Mr. Warren describes the scene at this time as terrible. The passengers were piled promiscuously in the forward cars, and the cries of the wounded who were fastened in by the crushed and broken cars were awful to hear. In the second car, in which also Mr. Warren was seated, there were four killed outright, and nearly all in the car more or less injured.

The Erie *Dispatch* of yesterday speaks as follows of the accident: That causes which led to the accident were those of the grossest and most criminal carelessness on the part of the workmen, every one of whom, and chiefly the foreman, deserve the severest punishment for their murder. There is no excuse for them. They knew the train to be due, and did not take precaution to send back a flag to stop it, or report it by any means, and the terrible accident which it must have been evident would happen.

The Skating Season.

Winter with its icy opportunities is coming on with a rapid march, and will soon be here in the full power of its vigorous reign. There is no earthly reason why that reign should not be one of the most unlimited pleasure to us all. The icy air of December stings an exhileration into the blood, that is a higher enjoyment than any summer heats can bring. What method of putting this joy into action is possible, is the next bearing of the blue to know the glory of motion to be enjoyed on our parks and on the rivers. We wish to tell those who do not know, and it seemed those who have forgotten, that the host manufactured lot of skates to be met with in a day's travel, is to be obtained at the store of James Bown, No. 136 Wood street. Mr. Bown has five thousand pairs of the most improved patent makes, to be sold wholesale and retail at reasonable prices. We invite attention to his advertisement in another column.

An Old and Estimable Citizen Departed.

One by one our old valued citizens are quitting this shore of the river for the other. One by one their familiar faces disappear and the places that knew them know them no more. Another old and esteemed resident of our city departed this life yesterday, leaving a large and devoted circle of friends to mourn his loss.

Hugh Campbell, Esq., a native of county Tyrone, parish of Fintown, Ireland, died last evening, at his residence, No. 47 Gibson street, in the Eighth ward, after a protracted illness, during which he suffered much from an aggravated form of dropsy. The deceased was aged sixty-two years, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. The time of the funeral will be announced hereafter.

Charged with Stealing.—Lawrence Mooney keeps a willow store on the corner of Market and Fifth streets, and Joseph Terry is his clerk. Terry has long abused his employer's honesty and distributed some marked money among his friends to spend at the willow store. Yesterday the cash account didn't balance and the marked money was not all forthcoming. Therefore Mr. Mooney made information against his suspected clerk for larceny before Alderman Strain, and the accused was held for a hearing.

Wouldn't Remove It.—George Moffatt resides on Boyd street, and in front of his premises are various obstructions which he has been warned from time to time to remove. He utterly refused to fulfil his instructions, and yesterday Commissioner Flynn, a policeman Morrow for obstructing the highway, each charge.

Dishonest "Feed Boy."—Samuel Murper, and yesterday the clerk of the establishment charged him before Alderman Morrow with the larceny of $4 in money from the desk of the office. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

Inquest in the Case of John Grinnage.

John Grinnage, whose accidental shooting of himself on Tuesday morning we reported yesterday, died at half-past eight o'clock on Tuesday evening. His remains were removed to his boarding house, near Decatur street, yesterday morning, and during the afternoon Coroner Clawson held an inquest in the case.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1866.

THE FLANK MOVEMENT.

There are a considerable number of journals, whatever may be their public professions, that at bottom regard politics as merely a game to be played with the best advantage the situation allows. They have no strong convictions, are incapable of great emotions, count success the highest duty, and the means that will lead to success by the shortest road the highest expediency. When it served to magnify their party they were ready to discard and contemn all the doctrines and safeguards of Personal Liberty, and to set up slavery as the god to be worshipped in all democratic temples. When they had pressed this policy to the utmost possible extreme, had kept their party in power by it through a long succession of years; until in the progress of intellectual enlightenment and the quickening of moral consciousness, thoughtful and candid men everywhere revolted at the profanation; they had the temerity to cast all their influence in favor of a gigantic rebellion which had for its object the breaking up of the very foundations of popular government on this continent, and sending our vast population and property interests adrift, with only such chances for the future as the winds and waves permitted. When the rebellion was subdued, and order was again emerging from the chaos in which the Southern States were plunged, they again struck hands with the rebels, began to read loyal men who had saved the nation solemn lectures on the inviolability of the Constitution, on the inherent and indistructible rights of the States, in the grace of forgiving injuries, and on various other topics which they took special pains not to illustrate in their lives. In this new issue they have not simply been beaten, but overwhelmed.

The Chicago *Times* now claims that it is essential for the Democratic party to cut away from all its old and recent commitments and to take a new departure. It makes no confession that the principles and measures for which that party has struggled are wrong or ruinous; nor does it go so far as to affirm that the new measures and doctrines which it deems essential are wise and beneficent. It simply declares that the only chance the Democratic party has of keeping its head above water is to take a bold stand in favor of equal rights and universal suffrage. It is not uncharitable to say, it cares nothing for principles and measures, but has an uncontrolable passion for being in the majority. In the economy of the world, perhaps it is well that motives of this lower order sway those who instinctively repel those which are higher and better.

This change of front is eliciting much comment throughout the country. In some circles it is attributed to that impatience and recklessness for which the *Times* is noted. In others to a desire for creating a sensation by assuming an anomalous attitude. Neither of these conjectures hit the real solution. We happen to know that the defeat of the Democratic party, foreshadowed by the October elections, led to earnest consultations among leading Democrats, in which all the alternatives were freely discussed. After the November elections, in at least one Democratic State Committee, it was resolved to be indispensable to abandon President Johnson, to repudiate his Policy, and to go back to something that had the savor of Democracy upon it. We do not certainly know, but we believe, the *Times*, upon preconcert, was put forward to sound the key-note of the movement it is proposed to inaugurate. It has been sounded. What now remains is to await the disclosure of the impression made thereby upon the Democratic party. If the foremost men accept it as affording a reasonable, or the only way, of getting back into power, we shall hear or read no more fierce diatribes from that quarter against the black race, but will be supplied with numerous ethnological and moral treatises on the equality and brotherhood of all men. Suddenly the blacks will lose that pungent musk which is so offensive to democratic nostrils, and be accounted sweet as a freshly opened rose in June. If the response shall be unfavorable; if prejudice, deeply inwrought into the very fibres of the party, shall refuse to give way; if the indulgence of sullen pride under hopeless defeat shall be held preferable to new adventure and promising opportunities; then the *Times* will readily revert to its old position, treating its present *brochure* as a harmless play upon popular credulity—as a fantastic escapade by which the bitterness of defeat was softened and the rejoicings of its opponents checked.

WHIPPING IN SCHOOLS.

Some months ago a young woman attending school in Cambridge, Massachusetts, was punished by her instructors, the principal, a man, holding her, while two assistants, women, applied the castigation. The method and the amount of the punishment were both deemed extraordinary, and the sex and age of the pupil added to the popular indignation. A criminal prosecution for assault and battery was instituted against Mr. B. W. Roberts, the principal, and a trial upon this indictment has recently been concluded. It was shown that Josephine B. Foster whispered; that when questioned about that breach of the rules, she gave an evasive answer; and when farther pressed was impertinent; that in the recitation room one of the female assistants attempted to punish her for the impertinence, but she refused to submit; that afterwards two female assistants joined their efforts to the same end, and succeeded indifferently well; that Mr. Roberts, coming in at this moment, rendered aid by holding the pupil, while the female assistants applied the punishment for a period of some ten minutes, inflicting some twenty blows with a leather strap about the size of an ordinary trace, and eighteen inches long. It was proved that the pupil's shoulder was lame for several days, and that one of her hands was so swollen that she could not put on her glove till the next day.

The Judge charged the jury, that if they believed undue severity had been exercised they ought to bring in a verdict of guilty. For two long hours they revolved the evidence and applied thereto the rule of law, and then agreed upon a verdict of not guilty. So far as the rendition of this verdict goes we have an authoritative exposition of what is regarded in Massachusetts as proper school discipline. About it differences of opinion have already been disclosed. In some quarters objection is made not to the punishment, but to the fact that it was inflicted on a girl, verging upon womanhood. In other quarters it is maintained that all corporeal chastisement is debasing in its nature and tendency, and that resort ought to be had, instead, to moral and mental inflictions. Just here, another class of objectors interpose, demanding to know if it is not more cruel to torture the mind and sentiments than to lacerate the body, and insist that all forms of punishment are inadmissible. They go so far as to declare that teachers who cannot govern their pupils by appeals to their pride of character and to their sense of right and wrong are unfit to engage in the work of instruction. On each of these heads much is urged that may profitably be reflected upon.

At Chicago, a few days ago, General Simpson, President of the Board of Government Commissioners of the Union Pacific Railway, proposed that Congress should be asked to allow the immediate commencement of the Utah division of that enterprise, and stated that if this should be done the whole road could be completed within three years.

The uncertainty of law has a striking illustration. Judge Bond, of Baltimore, caused Governor Swann's Police Commissioners to be arrested, endeavoring to create a breach of the peace and imprisoned for want of bail. The case has had a re-hearing before Judge Bartol, of the same city, and he has decided strongly the other way.

The term of Mr. Foster, President of the Senate, will expire on the fourth of next March. The radicals naturally turn to Mr. Wade of Ohio as his successor. A feeling prevails that a man ought to be selected whose votes have not only been right, but whose associations and conduct have also been right all through.

The President claims the right to disobey the clearly expressed will of his masters, the people, but is more than ever resolved to bring to the block the head of every office-holder who fails to implicitly obey his behests, not in the matter of official duty, but of outside political action.

Mr. McCulloch, it is stated, will, in his forthcoming annual report, recommend the passage of measures looking to a speedy resumption of specie payments. If he actually does, the country will have one good thing to thank him for.

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY—EASTERN DIVISION.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

St. Louis, November 10, 1866.

Having completed our tour of observation of this great national thoroughfare, and of the magnificent region it traverses, I now propose to speak more particularly of its inception, history, advantages, prospects, eastern connections and western progress. Incidentally to the discussion of these subjects, I shall endeavor to convey to the minds of the readers of the Gazette some idea of that portion of our national domain lying west of the Mississippi—that mediterranean river of our country, which bisects it from north to south, leaving about two-fifths of our territory on the Atlantic side, and three-fifths on the Pacific side.

The eastern division was mainly subdued and occupied by the old, slow process of individual effort—the hardy pioneer with his axe and grubbing hoe laboriously making his way westward, until, after five or six generations had lived, and toiled and died, the then far distant Mississippi was reached. During those two centuries there was no other way. The country was too poor to make even good turnpike roads, much less canals, in advance of the slow moving tide of population. The steamboat was first introduced on these great western rivers within the recollection of the writer of this article; but what could they do for the great interior portions of our now most flourishing States? In the day when the first settlers of Indiana, Michigan and Illinois were struggling with difficulties which would have appalled any other people, even the idea of railways had not been conceived; and even after they had been inaugurated, their benefits were for years restricted to those communities whose numbers and wealth gave promise of remunerative trade.

But a new era has dawned. The old process of entering upon new and unoccupied territory has been inverted. *The railroad goes in advance of settlement and the locomotive precedes the plough.* It is under this new and better process that this trans-Mississippi region opens to the occupancy of civilized men; and this is why the great work is going forward with unexampled speed. High and advanced civilization with all its blessings and benefits, and all its mighty forces, marches in the van, leaving the emigrant, however poor and weak, to enter, and occupy, and enjoy. How strongly this thought presses upon the mind while passing up the valley of the Kansas, on this magnificent road which we came all the way to see—where the traveller observes the recent settlers, in their neat, tasteful and even elegant homes, already in the enjoyment of all the comforts, material, moral and social, to which they had been accustomed in the far-off homes they had left in the Atlantic States. Nothing I have ever seen in human progress so impressed me as this. In Leavenworth and Lawrence, and even farther west, I found hotels, churches, stores, and private dwellings which would be creditable to any city, and as much refinement in dress and manners as can be seen in Cincinnati, Pittsburgh or Philadelphia. And what is better still, there is a total absence of obvious squalidity.

The truth is, this vast region upon which the American people have just begun to enter could not be settled at all without the aid of the railroad. A few poor, semi-barbarians might have located themselves along the margins of the navigable rivers, such as the Missouri and the Arkansas, but that would have been all. Railroads here are a necessity; and our people may have reason to thank God for inspiring our Statesmen with the wise and generous policy displayed in their legislation, and our large-hearted and generous capitalists, such as those who are so vigorously pushing on this and similar works, with the measure of enterprise necessary to give effect to the national policy. This combination of national munificence with individual enterprise will furnish an example of progress to the race, and immensurably conduce to individual prosperity and happiness, and to national grandeur.

Think of two rival Pacific Railways, one on the Kansas and another on the Platte, each pushing on at the rate of a mile a day in their ardent race to the base of the Rocky Mountains; and of the fact that emigration and business is following the progress of the former so fast, that the receipts for freight and passengers already amount to sixty thousand dollars a month! Could the reader stand where I stood a few days ago, near Fort Riley, and see the piles of overland mail bags transferred from the train to the coaches, and from the coaches to the train, containing not only the mails between the Atlantic and Pacific States, *but mails between England and China and Japan*, he would feel as I felt, that truly this is THE MARCH OF EMPIRE!

It is my impression that this great line of road up the valley of the Kansas, by way of the Smoky Hill Fork, which, like the Kansas below the fork, has an almost due west course, is not only the shortest route from the great eastern marts of commerce to Denver and to San Francisco, but that it commands a larger number of commercial affluents than any other existing line of railroad between the Missouri and the Pacific. But this is not all: it passes, throughout its whole length, over a region of unsurpassed beauty and fertility—one which will soon be full of people. While at Fort Riley I asked Governor Gilpin, of Colorado, how much of the country between there and Denver was unavailable for settlement; for I had the impression that there was some. His reply was as brief as it was emphatic—"Not an inch." No man knows that country better; and his testimony was confirmed by others. This is a very important fact; for a railroad through a desert is a heavy business both for travellers and proprietors.

With these general remarks I shall close this letter; and in my next go more into the particulars indicated in the first paragraph.

C.

—The Monument to the California soldiers and sailors who fell during the war, is to be constructed of California granite, marble or other California material, at a cost of $50,000. It is proposed to place it on Union Square, in San Francisco. Gov. Low is President of the Association, and Gen. Halleck, Chairman of the Executive Committee.

Machinery for Shaping and Forging Iron.

An improved machine for shaping and forging iron has been brought out by Mr. John Arrowsmith, of Bristol, England. The object of this invention is to avoid the excessive manual labor which is now required in working that class of machines for forging and shaping iron known as "Oilvers," and by driving the mashines by steam or water power. The labor of the workman is thus considerable decreased so much so that work which now requires the weight and strength of a powerful man may be as effectually done by a youth; and the machine may be driven at any speed, and with any force of blow, within certain limits, which may be desired. Upon a strong bed-plate a shaft is mounted in suitable bearings, the shaft having on one end thereof a pulley, by means of which motion is given to the machine by steam or water power; and on the other end of the shaft a fly-wheel of suitable dimensions is fixed, which is for the purpose of giving steadiness to the machine whilst working. At the center of the shaft a cam is fixed, which, revolving with the shaft, acts upon one end of a lever which works upon a pivot; the other or free end of the lever having attached thereto a hammer-head, which may be of the same construction as an ordinary "Oliver." By these means the hammer head is alternately raised and allowed to fall with each revolution of the shaft; but as it is desirable to give greater force to the blow than that which would be due to gravity alone, there is placed on that end of the lever upon which the cam acts a buffer, working in a box containing a strong spiral spring; and this spring, being compressed by the downward motion of the lever, gives, when released, a considerable impetus to the hammer, and causes it to strike the anvil with much greater force than it otherwise would do. But, unless provided for, it is evident that the rise and fall of the hammer, and consequent force of the blow, would always be the same. To remedy this, the shaft is made to work in slippers, and these, sliding in guides, communicate with a treadle; this treadle is provided with three or more foot-plates standing at different hights above the floor, so that the workman, by placing his foot on one or other of these foot-plates, depresses this end of the lever, and thus regulates the hight of the fall, as he thereby moves the cam to or from the before mentioned pivot upon which the lever works, and as alters the motion at the lever. Balance weights are also provided, and these are so arranged as to keep the cam out of action when the hammer is required to be at rest. When the cam is out of contact with the lever, the hammer would, if not prevented, fall and rest on the anvil; but, to avoid this, there is a guide or standard through which the lever may work. Attached to this standard are two or more sliding bolts which communicate with a catch, which catch is drawn on to a notch when the hammer is working. A spiral spring is so arranged that the bolts are in gear when the catch is disengaged. When the catch is on the notch, the hammer is free to work, but when the workman desires to stop it he has only to lift the catch, when the spring immediately draws the bolts across the slot through which the lever works, and so prevents its falling. When desirable to adopt this arrangement for a double "Oliver" another cam may be fixed on the shaft, to work against another lever arranged in a similar manner to that already described. In this manner both levers are fixed upon the same bed-plate, and are both driven by the same power.

GOOD CIDER ALL THE YEAR ROUND, by the use of NEUTRAL SULPHITE OF LIME.

Call and procure a circular, with directions for using it. The best and most reliable article. Put up in bottles sufficient for one barrel of Cider. For sale at FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, Corner of the Diamond and Market street, Corner of Diamond and Virgin Alley.

The highest price in cash paid for Beeswax. Tar Turpentine, Carbon Oil, and Burning Fluid at the lowest prices.

Sold at JOS. FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

no13:TTS

Itch! Itch!! Scratch! Scratch!!

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours.

"ITCH" Dr. Swayne's Ointment, "ITCH"
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"ITCH" NEVER KNOWN "ITCH"
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Curse Itching Piles, salt rheum, Scald head, Rash, all Skin Diseases.

Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by M'CLARRAN & M'KENNAN, 85 Market street. GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and plce. FLEMING, 84 Market st. Pittsburgh. KASE & DEUITT, Allegheny. nov23:12:TTS

THE LAWS OF HEALTH.—It is useless for State Legislatures to pass laws for the preservation of the public health, if the great law of self-preservation, which depends for its enjoyment upon the will of the individual, is suffered to remain a dead letter.

There is scarcely an adult member of the community, of either sex, in this country, but receives testimony in favor of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, furnished over their own signatures, from persons of the highest eminence in science, literature, arc, commerce, and every department of business and professional life. These witnesses have declared in the strongest terms that the preparation is a safeguard against epidemics, a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia, a reliable tonic medicine, a promoter of appetite, a mild and harmless stimulant, a good sensible family medicine, and, above all, a powerful general vitalizant, a protection against the deleterious effects of marsh and impure water, and that it imparts a degree of vigor and energy to the vital forces which is not communicated by any other of the tonics and stomachics in use. Under these circumstances the self-preservative law of nature should teach every rational person who, either by reason of inherited debility or in consequence of exposure to unwholesome influences, is in peril of the greatest of all temporal blessings, HEALTH, the importance of using the BITTERS as a defensive medicine. Dyspeptics who neglect to give it a trial are simply their own enemies. It is guaranteed to cure indirectly all maladies in its forms, and no illness and nervous will find nothing in the whole range of official and proprietary medicines which will afford them the same relief.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

I HAVE RECEIVED MOST OF MY STOCK, and I offer to the Trade a selection from

5,000 PAIRS OF VARIOUS MAKES

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine my Stock, as I can

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JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 Wood Street.

no14:tf:03

UNEXPIRED LEASE OF HOUSE AND LOT,

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1 EASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN.

Suitable for Store and Dwelling. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

STEEL & WILSON, BROKERS AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS, no15 No. 66 Smithfield Street.

SHOE, HARNESS & CARRIAGE MAKERS should see the new Grover & Baker No. 1 Sewing Machine Before buying elsewhere. It is the best for their use. For sale at no2:tf:65 NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

CIDER—20 bbls. prime Sweet Cider just received and for sale by FETZER & ARMSTRONG, no15 corner Market and First streets.

APPLES—600 bbls. Green Apples just received and for sale by FETZER & ARMSTRONG, no15 corner Market and First streets.

BROOM CORN—28 bales Broom Corn, for sale on wharf. FETZER & ARMSTRONG, no15 corner Market and First streets.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO., (Successors to S. Jones & Co.,) Corner Fourth and Wood Sts., BANKERS & BROKERS, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

OPENING.

WILL OPEN TO-DAY AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M., a choice selection of WINTER MILLINERY, consisting of BONNETS and HATS of the latest styles.

MRS. R. S. COOK, no15:tf:15 No. 144½ WYLIE STREET.

EXCHANGE HOTEL IN WILKINSBURG FOR SALE.—This property has a front on Water street of 71 feet, and extends back 110 feet to an alley; also the Stable Lot of the same size. The Hotel Building is a large commodious Stone House, with extension back building of brick, arranged with 14 rooms, cellar. On the back lot are erected a large stable and carriage house. The above is the principal Hotel in the town, and in the hands of a suitable man, a large and paying business can be done. This property is offered at the low price of $4,000, one third in hand, balance in 1 and 2 years. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND Fancy Cloakings, For sale at Low Prices BY WHITE, ORR & CO., 25 Fifth Street. no15

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss. COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of JAMES HEANEY, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby cited to be and appear before me, J. S. H. GRAY, Register of Wills, &c., in and for said county, on or before SATURDAY, the 8th day of December next, at said Register's Office, at Pittsburgh, then and there to take out Letters of Administration on the Estate of said James Heaney, deceased, or show cause, if any why the same should not be granted to one or more of the creditors or some other fit person.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at Pittsburgh, this 14th day of November, A. D., 1866. no15:d:15 JOS. H. GRAY, Register.

AT A. LEGGATE'S, 159 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, BOOTS AND SHOES

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, FUR MUFFS, CAPES, LINEN SHIRTS, BED SACKS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOSIERY, WOOL BLANKETS, FLANNELS, JACKETS, MEN'S CLOTHING.

A splendid stock at private sale at the very lowest prices.

Sales by Auction every Tuesday and Friday morning, at 9 o'clock. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer. no15

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE

Is the Ultima Thule of Mechanism. Please call and examine it at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

ASSIGNEES' PEREMPTORY SALE OF FURS! FURS! FURS! AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov. 14th, at 10 o'clock precisely, and continuing in the afternoon, at 2 o'clock, and will be sold peremptorily and without reserve, by order of G. Adams, Esq., Assignee, about

$2,000 WORTH OF FURS,

in sets or single pieces, with privilege. The assortment embraces a fine parcel received with blank prices, viz: Water Coon, Grey Coon, Squirrel, Mink, Hud on Bay, Mexican Sable, French Squirrel, American Fitch, Belgian Coney, Ermine and Real Siberian Sable, Victoria Lynx, Chinchilla, Muffs, Cuffs, &c., Ladies, Misses and Children's.

Sale positive, this being the last opportunity, as every piece offered will be sold at 10 per cent. in the privilege of the auctioneer.

TERMS—CASH. T. A. McCLELLAND, no12 Auctioneer.

THE PITTSBURGH EXPLORING AND DEVELOPING MINING COMPANY IN WESTERN VIRGINIA, JACKSON COUNTY.

Charter from the State of Virginia.

CAPITAL.....$400,000

Divided in 10,000 shares, par value, and subscription price $100 per share.

OFFICERS:

President—F. Fisher, Carson street, Birmingham.
Vice President—W. Eickhoff, Jackson county, West Virginia.
Secretary—J. Conner, Jackson Co., West Va.
Treasurer—W. Cunningham, do do do
Superintendent—Ignatius Sykes, Carson street, East Birmingham.
Director—G. Koenig, Carson street, East Birmingham.

This company offers shares for sale, as described above. They are building a shaft, which needs to be sunk 12 feet to reach the Pittsburgh Coal Seam. Ore, which spreads all through the farm (Carson's) in a way to strike a vein.

Shares may be secured with the President, or any other officer of the company, where also the other particulars can be obtained. no10:7d

BREWERS' NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BREWERS OF PITTSBURGH, received, at their last meeting, that settlements with Dealers shall be made on the FIRST OF EVERY MONTH, commencing November 1st, 1866.

SPENCER & McKAY,
D. D. PINCKETT & CO.,
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
E. WAINWRIGHT,
MICHAEL THIEKEN,
FOLLOCK, KALTENHORN & CO.

FRANKLIN COTTON WORKS, E. HYDE'S SONS

Are now prepared to manufacture COTTON YARN, CARPET CHAIN, COVERLET YARN, CANDLEWICK, TWINE, BATTINGS, COTTON WARPS, &c., &c.

WEST CANAL STREET, between Robinson and Lacock, Allegheny City, Pa.

P. S.—All orders by mail attended to. no9:m9

GREAT REVOLUTION IN THE WINE TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.—PURE CALIFORNIA CHAMPAGNE, made and prepared as if done in France, from pure California Wine, not taking the place of Imported Champagne.

The undersigned would call the attention of Wine Dealers and Hotel Keepers to the following letter, which may give a correct idea of the quality of their Wine:

"CONTINENTAL HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26th, 1866.

"MESSRS. BOUCHER & CO.—Gentlemen: Having given your California Champagne a thorough test, we take pleasure in saying that we think it the best American Wine we have ever used. We shall at once place it on our bill of fare. Yours truly,

J. E. KINGSLEY & CO."

Call and try our California Champagne.

no12:m78 BOUCHER & CO., 36 Dey st., N. Y.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12th, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the assessments for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Watson street from Boyd to Chestnut street; Chestnut street, from Forbes to Gibbon streets, and Gibbon street, from Chestnut to Magee streets, in the Eighth Ward; and Franklin street, from Washington to Fulton streets, in the Sixth Ward, have been made and can be seen at this office until the 22d day of November, 1866, after which time they will be turned over to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES REICHSPFAHR, no14:s9 Recording Regulator.

WHARF IMPROVEMENT.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, November 13th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, Nov. 30th, at 2 o'clock P. M., for making a Wharf from Scodrich street to Gray's alley, the filling to be of earth or other good material, and to be covered with rolling mill slag. The estimated quantities required are about 72,000 cubic yards of earth and about 2,500 cubic yards of slag. Separate bids (per cubic yard) will be received for the earth filling and slag.

Bidders are requested to state the price payable in cash; also the price payable in the bonds of the city, redeemable in twenty (2) years, with interest payable semi-annually, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

By direction of the Committee on Wharves and Landings. R. B. FRANCIS, no14:o:TTS City Controller.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

JAMES T. SAMPLE

HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON CORNER OF FEDERAL AND ROBINSON STS., ALLEGHENY,

Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of DRUGS,

And which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the two cities.

Prescriptions carefully prepared by a first class druggist.

All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. oc30

FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, Combined with Iodide of Lime, Sold at Low Rates at FLEMING'S DRUG STORE No. 84 Market St., Pittsburgh.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON, Pittsburgh White Lead Works. PURE WHITE LEAD, BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTS, IN OIL BARRELS, No. 67 Fourth Street, Up Stairs. no11:n79

EUREKA OIL WORKS. MANUFACTURERS OF EUREKA CARBON OIL, The Celebrated EUGEKA SPERM LUBRICATING OILS, And Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, LARD, SPERM, WHALE AND FISH OILS. No. 31 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa. C. C. NOBLE, Agt. Call and examine samples and read certificates. no15:m14

GREEN ALLEY.—All persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned, viewers appointed to view and assess damages and benefits for the opening of GREEN ALLEY, In the Third Ward, Allegheny City,

From Chestnut street to the East line of a ten foot alley, a distance of 129 feet, will meet on the premises, on THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6TH, 1866, At 10 o'clock A. M., to fulfil the duties of their appointment.

W. J. GIBSON, JAMES MORGAN, no15:o9 FRANCIS TORRENCE.

BUENA VISTA STREET.—All persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned viewers appointed to view and assess damages and benefits for the opening of BUENA VISTA STREET, In the Third Ward, Allegheny City,

From its present terminus, on Taylor Avenue, to Jackson Street, a distance of 278 feet, will meet on the premises, on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 11TH, 1866, At 10 o'clock A. M., to fulfil the duties of their appointment.

JOHN B. INGHAM, JAMES LOCKHART, no15:o10 JAMES McCURDY.

PITTSBURGH GAS SAVING CO., Office, No. 2 Merchants' Hotel, COR. THIRD AND SMITHFIELD STREETS.

OFFICERS:

JAMES I. BENNET, President.
ROBERT FINNEY, Vice President.
ROBT. CHRISTY, Sec'y and Treas'r.

DIRECTORS:

JAS. I. BENNETT, ROBT. FINNEY, JOHN W. CHALFANT, W. W. PATRICK, M. D. M'CLINTOCK, N. J. BIGLEY, W. R. NIMICK.

Office Hours, 9, a. m, to 4 p. m., daily. no11:n99

KENTUCKY DISTILLERY AT AUCTION.

Will be sold at Auction, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, November 14th, 1866, at 11 o'clock, on the premises,

THE KENTUCKY DISTILLERY,

Located on the Ohio River, opposite Portsmouth, Ohio, with 27 acres of Land, a River Front for Wharfage of 574 feet. Capacity 1,600 BUSHELS.

There are on the premises, the Distillery, containing 4 Copper-lined Mash Tubs, 4 Beer Tubs, 10 Stills (each) hot and cold water Tubs, and everything complete. Flouring Mill, with four run of Burrs, Bolting Cloths, &c., &c. Steam and Water Engines four Boilers, Artesian Well, Store and Warehouse, Whisky House, Malt House, Pens for 8,000 Hogs, Dwelling, entirely of brick, two Tenement Dwellings for hands; also, Railway from River to Distillery.

The location is one of the best in the Western country for a Distillery. The improvements could not be made for less than one hundred thousand dollars.

It will positively be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve or regard to value.

TERMS—CASH. For further particulars previous to the sale, apply to Mr. KING, on the premises, or to J. HIGHMAN & CO., Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 70 West Third street, Cincinnati. no15:25 TTS

MURDOCK & PUTNAM, Are daily receiving at their GENT'S FURNISHING STORE, 72 Fifth Street, Nearly opposite Post Office.

All the new and elegant styles in SCARFS, TIES, BOWS AND ROLLS, Gent's Underwear, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS, Robes de Chambre, Fine Shirts and Collars, Everything to complete the Gentlemens' Wardrobe. MURDOCK & PUTNAM. no11:15:TTS

WELDON & KELLY PLUMBERS, Gas and Steam Fitters, AND BRASS FOUNDERS, A large assortment of Chandeliers and Brackets, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Sheet Lead, &c., ALWAYS ON HAND. 164 Wood Street, near Sixth. my12:97

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY. J. LYONS, No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST-STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD, WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornice, Bands and Buttons, Looking Glass and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.

GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art. no9:m6 DENNIS & WILLIAMS.

MONEY LOAN OFFICE, NO. 151 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of Sixth, Pittsburgh.

Money Loaned on Silver Plates, Guns, Pistols, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothing, and valuable articles of every description. The goods cannot be delivered without a ticket. Not accountable in case of fire or robbery.

Goods of every description for sale at lo cet prices. WM. KNOX. no14:6m6

SMOKED SALMON & HALIBUT.—One case of each, freshly smoked Salmon and Halibut, Just received and for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery Store of no14 JNO. A. RENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, I will expose to Public Sale, on the premises on Tuesday, December 6th, 1866, At 10 o'clock A. M., all the following described two tracts or parcels of land, situated adjoining each other, partly in Findlay and partly in North Fayette Townships, in the county of Allegheny. One of said tracts or parcels of land being described as follows, viz: Beginning at a large white oak; thence south 20½ degs. west, 19 8-10 perches to a hickory; thence south 8 70 degs. east, 37 8-10 perches to a stone; thence south 22 degs. west, 29 5-10 perches to a stone; thence south 68½ degs. west, 117 10 perches to a stone; thence north 16 degs. 18 8-10 perches to a stone; thence south 66 degs east, 75 perches to the place of beginning, containing 104 acres and 17 p rches, on which are erected one one story Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

The other of said tracts or parcels of land being situate adjoining the lands of Robert Thom and others, and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone; thence by lands of Robert Thom, north 2½ degs. west 66 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by the first described tract north 88½ degs. east 66 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of Thos. Partridge south 22 degs. west 1 85 perches to the place of beginning, containing 10 acres and 144 perches. Said premises being situate ab out one-fourth of a mile from the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Turnpike, and 10 miles from the City of Pittsburgh. Said two parcels of land having been occupied and used together as one farm. Will be sold together.

TERMS OF SALE—One third cash on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. The remaining one-third to remain a charge on the premises during the life of the widow of Robert Stevenson, deceased. The interest to be paid regularly and annually to said widow, and at her decease, the principal to be paid to the parties by law entitled thereto. THOMAS BURNS, Administrator of the estate of Robt. Stevenson. no14:m99

DOMESTIC GOODS BATES & BELL Offer a complete assortment of NEW GOODS. Blankets, Flannels, Cloakings, Boy's Wear, Shawls, Plaids, Silks, Dress Goods, Linen Goods, Merinos, SILK, CLOTH AND VELVET MANTLES. no12

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, we, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of JAMES FORRESTER, deceased, will expose to Public sale, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, county aforesaid, on Friday, 14th day of Dec., 1866, At 10 o'clock, A. M., all that certain Lot of Ground, situate in the Sixth Ward of the City of Allegheny, described as follows: Beginning on the East side of Craig street, at the corner of Hope alley; thence along said street north 21 feet 6 inches; thence east parallel with Hope alley 62 feet 2½ inches; thence south parallel with Craig street 21 feet 6 inches to Hope alley; thence along said alley west to Craig street, at the place of beginning, on which is erected a two story Brick Dwelling.

Also, all that other lot of ground situate adjoining the above, and described as follows: Beginning on the east side of Craig street at a point 21 ft. 6 in. north of Hope alley; thence by Craig street north 21 ft 6 in; thence east parallel with Hope alley 62 ft. 2½ inches; thence south parallel with Craig street 21 ft. 6 in. to the lot above described; thence along the same west and parallel with Hope alley 62 ft. 2½ in. to Craig st., at the place of beginning, on which is erected a two story Brick Dwelling.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year with interest, the other third to remain a charge on the premises during the life of the widow of said decedent, the interest thereon to be paid to said widow annually; the principal on her death to be paid to the parties by law entitled thereto; both deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. JANE FORRESTER, Adm'x. JAMES HIGHMAN, Adm'r. no8:15:TTS

THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE. Webster's Patent "Ordinary Wrench," FOR CUTTING OFF Bolts, Round Rods, Steam, Gas, Brass and Lead Pipe,

Will hold a Round Rod or Bolt in SCREWING OFF AND CUTTING. A BOY CAN DO IT.

The Appliances used in this WRENCH for Cutting off and Screwing up Pipe, can be carried in the pocket, obviating the expense and burden of the great weight of Tongs, &c., to be carried and used in CUTTING AND SCREWING PIPE. Call and see it at WEBSTER'S WORKS.

Just what is wanted by every STEAM and GAS FITTER, PLUMBER, ENGINEER, MACHINIST, BLACKSMITH, RAILROAD and CARRIAGE BUILDERS, and on all STEAMSHIPS, BOATS, LOCOMOTIVES, &c., and in every RAILROAD REPAIR SHOP, MILL, &c., and every STORE and HOUSE WHERE WATER AND GAS ARE USED. It is now WROUGHT in the most thorough manner, and are over 300 per cent. cheaper than any other tools used to perform the same work.

A 12 in. Wrench will cut and screw up pipe ¼ to ¾ in. in diameter. A 15 in. Wrench will cut and screw up pipe ¼ to 1¼ inch diameter. An 18 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe ¼ to 2 inches diameter. A 21 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe ¼ to 2½ inches in diameter. For sale by M. McSTEEN & CO., oc8:128 No. 24 Water street, near Liberty.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY. CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO., BREWERS, MALSTERS & HOP DEALERS, Successors to JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburgh, WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny.

The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our ALES AND PORTER, Which, through the careful selection of Malt from our extensive malting facilities and Hops from the choicest and best West, we can guarantee to be pure and satisfactory to the trade.

Our INDIA ALE has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

MR. ANDERSON'S customers will please be particular to call or send to his office adjoining his old Brewery, or at our office, Corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's Alley. no9:56

NEW STYLES HATS. M'CORD & CO., 131 WOOD STREET, Are receiving an immense stock of HATS, CAPS AND FURS, Embracing an endless variety. HATS FOR THE LADIES, GENTS AND BOYS; CAPS OF EVERY STYLE; FURS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN; SABLE, MINK, SQUIRREL, &c., &c., in any shape or price, to which they invite the attention of all. oc11

BARCUS & GRAFF, 96 Liberty Street, DEALERS IN GROCERIES & PRODUCE, Fresh and Choice Articles, AT LOWEST CASH PRICES. Our aim is to keep a First-Class Family Grocery

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

FANCY

BUTTONS.

Another Invoice of

Dress and Sacque Buttons,

In New and Elegant Designs,

And in a great variety of colors. Full Ball and Half Ball

VELVET BUTTONS.

Crochet Buttons of all Colors,

RICH SACQUE AND DRESS ORNAMENTS.

AT REASONABLE PRICES, AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

no14

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Point, Point Applique, and Valencia Lace Goods.

Laces and Edgings, Insertings, Handkerchiefs, Collars and Sets, Coffeurs, &c., &c.

Together with a full and complete line of

EMBROIDERIES.

☞F. M. WILLIS, for the past six years with Eaton, Macrum & Co., having made an arrangement with the above, will be happy to see his old friends. no 4

NEW FALL GOODS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Have just opened an extensive and splendid stock of

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS, RICH BONNET & TRIMMING RIBBON, EMBROIDERIES of every description, RICH AND ELEGANT LACE GOODS, REAL LACES of all kinds, REAL LACE TRIMMED GOODS, LACE PATTON PLAIDS—a splendid line, NAINSOOK, SWISS, JACONET MUSLIN, LINEN LAWNS AND CAMBRIC, IRISH LINEN; GLOVES—a new and attractive styles; HOSIERY—a complete assortment; LADIES & CHILDREN'S MERINO VESTS and DRAWERS, FANCY ZEPHYR ARTICLES—Splendid styles this season; BERLIN AND AMERICAN ZEPHYRS, SHEETLAND WOOLS, THE GENUINE CASHMERE YARNS—all colors BRADLEY'S SKIRTS of every size, FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants and Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our present extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere. All our goods being purchased direct on the best terms, we are prepared and will make a low prices as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

no19 19 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED BY

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Full assortment of

BONNETS AND HATS,

At the leading Fall Styles.

Millinery Goods.

Crapes and Frames, Paris Fancy and Colored Silk Velvets in most desirable shades; Plain Fancy Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, new and rich colors; Flowers, choicest French and American; Feathers, fancy hat and thirds.

EMBROIDERIES,

(Well Assorted.)

Cambric, Hamburg, Swiss, Loone, Cluny, Valenciennes Edgings and Insertings; Flouncing, Bands and Ruffings; Embroidered and Plain Linen Collars, Cuffs, Sets, Laces and Lace Goods.

Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Ornaments; Ball Fringe, Gimps and Braids;

Dress Trimmings, Bugle Frames,

WHITE GOODS;

A most complete stock of Jaconets, Cambrics, Nainsooks, &c., &c.

Handkerchiefs, Plain, Lace, Hem-stitched, Hemmed, Embroidered, Tape Bordered, etc., etc.

Hosiery and Gloves in every variety and all sizes.

Ladies' and Gents' Linen Underwear.

Furnishing Goods:

Suspenders and Neck-Ties; Heavy Shirts and Drawers, all Sizes; Bosom and 13L Hoop Skirts; Corsets, Hair Puffs, Nets, Union and Silk Belting, Buttons—the latest novelties, all kinds.

Yarns—Gradet's Le Fly, Cashmere, Lambs Wool and Knitting in the various mixtures, plain colors and random.

Gents' Paper Collars, and everything in the Notion line.

Prices as low as Eastern Jobbing Houses.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

sn21

NEW FALL GOODS,

AT

DENNISON'S,

NO. 21 FIFTH STREET.

EMBROIDERIES, in new and elegant patterns; LACES, in all widths, in best qualities; EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS; HEM-STITCHED do do; BRUSSELS NET and REAL LACE do; VALENCIENNES LACE, REAL THREAD LACE do; IMITATION do do; IMITATION GUIPURE LACE, do do GUIPURE do; LADIES' DRESS CAPS in a variety of styles; WHITE GOODS, in HEAD DRESSES; WHITE SHIRTS, NECK-TIES, PAPER & LINEN COLLARS; ZEPHYR WORSTEDS, SLIPPER PATTERNS, SHETLAND WOOL; HATS, TURBANS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

And a full line of

NOTIONS, &c.

Our Goods are sold at

Lowest Cash Prices.

se20:TFS

PROFESSIONAL.

B. F. BROWN,

LATE

Local Claim Agent.

U. S. SAN. COM.,

Office, No. 67 Fourth Street,

(SECOND FLOOR,)

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pensions, Bounties, and Arrear of Pay Promptly Collected

No charge made until claims are settled, and then but a moderate fee. my23:b20

WM. A. SHINN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 120 Fourth St., opposite Wilkins Hall.

Particular attention given to the collection of accounts, bills, notes, &c.

Correspondents in New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia; Reading, Bellefonte, Harrisburg, Pa.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Morgantown, W. Va., Utica, N. Y., and elsewhere. se19:k11

H. C. MACKRELL . . . . . J. S. M'COMBS.

MACKRELL & McCOMBS,

ATTORNEYS & GOUNSELLORS AT LAW,

No. 69 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my24:b25

JOHN A. STRAIN.

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio, Justice of the Peace

AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,

Office, 112 Fifth St., opposite Cathedral,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my9:81

WILLIAM JANCEY, NOTARY

PUBLIC, & JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, AND REAL ESTATE AGENT. Office, corner of Butler and Dravor streets, Lawrenceville.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the Collection of Rents, and the preparation and acknowledgment of all kinds of Legal conveyances.

WILLIAM JANCEY,

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public.

my26:b38

GUSTAVE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,

72 Pennsylvania Avenue,

(a few doors west of the Extension and opposite Chatham Street)

my23:n26

CHATHAM T. EWING,

Attorney at Law,

No. 69 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Commissioner for Ohio, Kentucky, West Virginia, Missouri and other States. my16:n59

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST PAGE.)

Letter from Anawan.

Shale Parricide—Trial of the Boy Joseph P. Shale for the Murder of his Father, in May Last—Empanneling a Jury—Particulars of the First Day's Proceedings—The Alleged Election Fraud—Conspiracy Case—A Pleasant Party—Disappointed "Star-Gazers."

LEWISBURG, PA., Nov. 14, 1866.

In May last I furnished your readers with an account of the shooting of John Shale, Esq., of Cook township, in this county, and of the subsequent arrest of his eldest son, Joseph P. Shale, charged with the crime. Without a recapitulation of the facts or incidents before mentioned, I will now report the case as it will appear in the evidence: At the last term of Court, after a great deal of difficulty, a jury was empannelled and the case proceeded with for some time, when one of the jurymen was struck with palsy and another was taken sick, so that the balance had to be discharged, and the trial continued. Yesterday at half past four o'clock another jury was empannelled after fifteen peremptor and ten cause challenges by the defence, and six cause and three peremptory challenges by the Commonwealth. The case was then proceeded with. James Todd, Esq., District Attorney, H. E. Laird and James A. Hunter, Esqs. for the Commonwealth, and Hon. H. D. Foster and Jacob Torney, for the defence. Mr. Laird opened with a brief statement, after which Court adjourned.

In the case at the alleged election fraud culprits, that the Attorney mentioned in my last issuance, which, after some discussion, was agreed to. His Honor held them in the sum of $500 bail and their own recognizance for their appearance, and a number of candidates for the vacancy in the judgeship of the United States District Court, for the Northern District of Ohio, occasioned by the death of Judge Wilson. Among the number of applicants are H. J. Dickman, F. T. Backus, S. J. Andrews, and others.

The case of the banker Smithson against the Secretary of War, has gone through all the pleadings, and is now ready to go to the jury. It is understood to be a test case, and a great interest is felt in its result.

Last week one thousand stand of arms were abstracted from the Armory in this city, and are now concealed near by. This was done while guards were on duty around it. The United States Marshal and Captain Phillingston are hunting up the parties.

The Cabinet to-day, among other matters, considered the appointment of a successor to William Dart, District Attorney for Northern New York, and Judge George G. Munger's appointment was determined upon.

R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, had an interview with the President this afternoon. He desires to have certain property of his in Western Virginia, barred from confiscation; but as it has already been confiscated under the decision of the Federal authorities, there is no doubt that action will be sustained.

Within the last few days the President has directed pardons to be issued to the following persons, one of whom sought for pardon under the first exception of the amnesty proclamation, having held a petty office under the Confederacy, and the remainder applied under the $20,000 clause: Wills Benham, of Georgia; William A. Pegram, of Louisiana; D. H. Reynolds, of Arkansas; J. D. Eppes, of Mississippi; W. A. Henderson, Wm. Jones and John M. Brown, of Tennessee.

The Accident on the Buffalo and Erie Railroad—List of Passengers Injured.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Following is a list of some of the most severely wounded by the Buffalo and Erie Railroad accident yesterday. Mr. M. Brown, of Rochester, bruised about the head and breast; his son, aged about thirteen, has his right foot badly sprained; Francis Moran, from Austin, head cut; Patrick Mahoney, from New York, very badly hurt about the head, supposed separation of the frontal bone; W. B. Grafton, from Worthington, Ohio, scalp cut, and right foot severely sprained; John Oakeson, of Muncie, Indiana, collar bone broken and side injured; Robert Lynch, New York, scalp cut and face badly mutilated; Mrs. Hall, New York, head cut and badly injured; Margaret Gerrinote, Rochester, injured in her hand, and her little son had his scalp cut badly; one man, name unknown, had his right arm injured; Charles Bercherch, Plymouth, Ohio, had his leg hurt.

Burning of the Henry Von Phul—Several Persons Drowned—Boat and Cargo a Total Loss.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—The *Commercial's* New Orleans dispatch of the 13th, furnishes the following particulars of the burning of the steamer Henry Von Phul, with 3,800 bales of cotton, at three o'clock this morning, above Donaldsonville. The fire communicated to the cotton from the pipe of deck hand, and was soon under full headway. The boat was immediately run ashore.

There were 101 passengers on board, including a number of ladies, nearly all of whom escaped ashore, with the loss of all their baggage and clothes, many of them having only their night clothes. One passenger was burned and several drowned. Boat and cargo a total loss.

Missouri Election.

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MEETING NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD ANNUAL MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Co. for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, corner of Penn and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, 3d day of December next, at 10½ o'clock, A. M.

JNO H. PAGE, Jr.,
no14:d5 Secretary and Treasurer.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FEDERAL OIL COMPANY are requested to meet on FRIDAY, 16th inst., at 2 P. M., at the office of THE FRUIT HOUSE, corner of St. Clair street and Duquesne Way. Business of importance requiring to be acted upon, and failure of the company in which all are interested, will be brought before the meeting for action. By order of the President.

no16:3t* E. B. MILLS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the PAXTON PETROLEUM COMPANY

Will be held at the office of ROBINSON, M'CLEAN & CO., No. 75 Fourth street, on TUESDAY, Nov. 4, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M. A full attendance of stockholders is desired, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

no10:d3w76 BY ORDER OF BOARD.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK, Pittsburgh, for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at their office, No. 89 Market street, on MONDAY, Nov. 19th inst., between the hours of 10 and 11 A. M.

no6:n29:TTS J. W. CARNAHAN, secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
ALLEGHENY, PA., November 15th, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this BANK have this day declared a dividend of

SIX PER CENT.

out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, Government tax paid.

no14:n2 J. P. KRAMER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 6th, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of expired risks of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to Stockholders on and after the 13th inst.

WM. P. HERBERT,
no7:n8d Secretary.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5th, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. from the earnings of the last six months, payable to shareholders on demand. The U. S. Income Tax is paid by the Bank.

no7:n29 H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, (LATE Pittsburgh Trust Company,)
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5th, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

no6:n6 J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Fenians Ready for Another Invasion of Canada—Impeachment of the President—The Resumption of Specie Payment—Action of Prussia Against American Citizens—The Smithson Station Case—One Thousand Stand of Arms Stolen.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The *World's* Washington special says: The government has information professing that the Fenians are in readiness for an immediate invasion of Canada. It is not probable that any action will be taken in the premises, as the news is doubted somewhat.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: It is said that Hon. John A. Bingham, who is preparing articles of impeachment against Mr. Johnson, will charge him with aiding and abetting the assassination of Mr. Lincoln.

It is understood that Mr. Mcculloch will, in his report, urge upon Congress the necessity for the passage of a law looking toward an early resumption of specie payments. The report will be quite voluminous, and will be one of the most interesting ever issued from that Department.

General Sickles, commander of the Department of South Carolina, has been called to Washington. The precise import of the order is a State secret.

The *Herald's* Washington specials say: On the meeting of Congre s a resolution will be introduced, calling for all information on the subject of the action of Prussia against American citizens. No one knows but it will be thoroughly investigated. In the opinion of many prominent gentlemen, our Minister at the seat of the Prussian Government has pursued an injudicious course, highly reprehensible. It is understood that the Government is not particularly well satisfied with its conduct.

The President has appointed Caldwell for the vacancy in the judgeship of the United States District Court, for the Northern District of Ohio, occasioned by the death of Judge Wilson. Among the number of applicants are H. J. Dickman, F. T. Backus, S. J. Andrews, and others.

The case of the banker Smithson against the Secretary of War, has gone through all the pleadings, and is now ready to go to the jury. It is understood to be a test case, and a great interest is felt in its result.

Last week one thousand stand of arms were abstracted from the Armory in this city, and are now concealed near by. This was done while guards were on duty around it. The United States Marshal and Captain Phillingston are hunting up the parties.

The Cabinet to-day, among other matters, considered the appointment of a successor to William Dart, District Attorney for Northern New York, and Judge George G. Munger's appointment was determined upon.

R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, had an interview with the President this afternoon. He desires to have certain property of his in Western Virginia, barred from confiscation; but as it has already been confiscated under the decision of the Federal authorities, there is no doubt that action will be sustained.

Within the last few days the President has directed pardons to be issued to the following persons, one of whom sought for pardon under the first exception of the amnesty proclamation, having held a petty office under the Confederacy, and the remainder applied under the $20,000 clause: Wills Benham, of Georgia; William A. Pegram, of Louisiana; D. H. Reynolds, of Arkansas; J. D. Eppes, of Mississippi; W. A. Henderson, Wm. Jones and John M. Brown, of Tennessee.

Burning of the Henry Von Phul—Several Persons Drowned—Boat and Cargo a Total Loss.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—The *Commercial's* New Orleans dispatch of the 13th, furnishes the following particulars of the burning of the steamer Henry Von Phul, with 3,800 bales of cotton, at three o'clock this morning, above Donaldsonville. The fire communicated to the cotton from the pipe of deck hand, and was soon under full headway. The boat was immediately run ashore.

There were 101 passengers on board, including a number of ladies, nearly all of whom escaped ashore, with the loss of all their baggage and clothes, many of them having only their night clothes. One passenger was burned and several drowned. Boat and cargo a total loss.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An Infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff, and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

my8:n9:b92

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any in the country. Chimneys, Breaching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Gas Mills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. je5:c61

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Consantly on hand: Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 126 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:n54:TF

☞ PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, RHO & CO., Manufacturers of PATENT SHROUND CIRCULARS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and Drag Saws.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS made from Steel Cast Steel; Extra refined REAPER and MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMITHFIELD STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Pantching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. je5:c33

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers.

☞ REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL CASES, No. 14 BOND STREET, NEW YORK.—Full information, with the highest testimonials; also, a book on *Special Diseases*, in a sealed envelope, sent free. ☞ *Be sure and send for them, and you will not regret it*, for, as advertising physicians are generally *impostors*, without reference you cannot be deceived. Address in confidence, stamp for postage, and direct to DR. LAWRENCE, No. 14 BOND STREET, NEW YORK. no11:eod

☞ MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with means of sure relief sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. KILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au25:m:eod:DAWT

☞ ALL NAUSEOUS MEDICINES taken without taste or smell, by using DARBY'S PROPHYLACTIC CHARCOAL TROCHES. The best in use. Sold by Druggists generally. no7:m61

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE VERY LATEST STYLES OF

Fine French Calf Boots,
Fine Kip Boots,
Water-Proof Boots,
Heavy Boots,
Ladies' Polish Boots,
Ladies' Button Gaiters,
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,
Ladies' Balmorals,

Misses and Childrens' Shoes of Every Description, at

THOMAS H. PHELPS',

46 Smithfield Street.

no12

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

61 Market Street.

Have just received a large and well selected stock o

Men's French Calf, Kip and Water-Proof Boots,

Ladies', Misses', Boys', Youths' and Childrens'

SOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BALMORALS, AND BUTTON

GAITERS

Of All the Latest Styles,

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY

FOR THE RETAIL TRADE.

oct29

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. WILHELM,

No. 38 Market St., Pittsburgh,

Has just received a very large stock of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which he is prepared to sell cheaper than the cheapest in the city. Also takes orders for his OWN MAKE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, which he warrants to give satisfaction.

REMEMBER, J. WILHELM,
oct30:m:2* No. 38 Market street.

W. K. McCLINTOCK,

92 Federal St., Allegheny,

Has just received the largest and best selected stock of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals, Slippers and Gums,

Ever brought to this market.

GIVE HIM A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING.

REMEMBER,

McCLINTOCK'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

oct24

A LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS

And Balmorals,

Just received, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, either Wholesale or Retail.

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,

No. 98 Market street, 2d door from Fifth St.

my19

COOPER FIELDING . . . . . JOHN FIELDING

C. FIELDING & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Custom Made

BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.

Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice. le7:n52

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Branch Store at Salem, Ohio. my24:l:36

R. B. JEFFRIES,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ A large assortment of MEERSCHAUM PIPES and SMOKING TOBACCO, of the best quality, kept on hands.

GEORGE BLUMENSCHEIN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

SEGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO

Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c

No. 4 Seventh Street,

(Near corner of Liberty,)

my26:b14 PITTSBURGH

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

45 HAND STREET.

A general assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my21:b9

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 58 acres in Upton Township, Allegheny county, Pa., situate about four miles from the city on the Washington Pike. The improvements are a large two-story frame dwelling House, with 11 rooms, a two-story Spring House, a Carriage House, a large Lumber Room, a No. 1 Frame Bank Barn, with addition sufficient for 16 head of cattle. There is also a fine Young Orchard, comprising about 15 acres, stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. It is all underlaid with coal. The land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, fences good, and would suit a gentleman looking for country purposes.

Also, 17½ acres adjoining the above, with a good Frame House, Carriage House, good Spring House and other out-buildings; with a good Orchard in fine bearing condition. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

Also, 13 acres adjoining the above, unimproved, for sale low. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

The above three pieces of property lie between the Little Saw Mill Run and Steubenville Railroad, and the coal can be reached easily from either road. The coal alone is worth all that is asked for the entire property.

Also, Farm of 173 acres, situate in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., immediately on the line of the Penna. Railroad. The improvements are a two-story Frame House with five rooms and good cellar, a Frame Bank Barn, 60 feet long, and other out-buildings. There is on the place a good Young Apple Orchard; 110 acres cleared, balance in good timber fencing generally good, well watered; underlaid with coal and limestone; convenient to churches, mills, schools and blacksmith shops, together with the personal property such as stock, implements, grain in the ground, &c. Possession given immediately.

Also, Farm of 53 acres, situated in Chartiers township, Allegheny county, Pa., one mile from the city, and near the line of the Steubenville R. R., and within one-half mile of a station; 30 acres of the best bottom land; 23 acres of wood land and pasture in cultivation; 23 acres of wood land and pasture. The fencing is generally good. The soil is No. 1, and well adapted for gardening. Any one in want of those wishing to embark in the business will call at once and secure a good bargain, as this is a rare chance.

Also, a farm of 84 acres, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, about one mile from the Borough of Elizabeth. The soil is of the best quality. The improvements are a farm house with six rooms, a good barn and other out buildings; fencing good; about 50 acres of coal. Churches, schools and mills very convenient. Possession immediately.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river immediately below Lock No. 2, on which is erected a large two-story brick dwelling, one and one frame barn; barn, corn crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, work shops, &c.; about 35 acres of the above is first quality river bottom; the balance being limestone land, and underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of timber. There are two orchards of apple trees, in good bearing condition; peach pear, plum trees and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth, and affording a market for all the products. The property will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms.

Also, for sale, a Farm of 96 acres, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., about one mile from Lock No. 2, on Monongahela river. Improvements are one frame house, with five rooms, barn, spring house and other outbuildings. The land is of the best quality. The above will be sold at very low figures.

For further particulars, enquire of

G. TOWER.

no7 Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—The beautiful and

SUBSTANTIAL MANSION AND GROUNDS

Owned and occupied by WILLIAM BAGALEY, Esq., situated on Western Avenue in

ALLEGHENY CITY.

The house is a model of architectural beauty, and combines every appliance for comfort and luxury. It is built of Pressed Brick and trimmed with Brown Stone, hall floors laid in encaustic tile, plate glass windows, and in every minute detail in construction throughout complete.

THE GROUNDS

Are ample (nearly four acres) and beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery, Shade Trees and Flowers. All the out-buildings are finished in a style corresponding with the mansion.

The locality is unexceptionable, being free from smoke of the office, and the view from the house extensive.

Full particulars furnished on application to

S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)
oct22

FOR SALE—100 Acres of Land in Washington county, Wesley township, Ohio, 80 acres cleared, balance in timber; good house, good barn, never failing spring of water at the door; charcles handy, and within 4½ miles of Cutler Station, on the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad. Price $40 per acre.

1 Acre in Banksville, 3 miles back of Temperanceville, on the Saltsburg turnpike road; house, 6 rooms each, one frame house of four rooms, all in good condition.

130 Acres of Land for $2,000, situate in Sinking Valley, Blair county, Pa., five miles from Altoona on the Sinking Valley branch of the railroad. Title of this property are numerous, and by calling on us we will give full particulars.

92 Acres, 50 acres of which is underlaid with coal, situate in North Fayette township, on the Steubenville Road; improvements, good Frame House, six rooms, and Blacksmith Shop, together with the personal property such as stock, implements, grain in the ground, &c. Possession given immediately.

Also, Farm of 53 acres, situated in Chartiers township, Allegheny county, Pa., one mile from the city, and near the line of the Steubenville R. R., and within one-half mile of a station; 30 acres of the best bottom land; 23 acres of wood land and pasture in cultivation; 23 acres of wood land and pasture. The fencing is generally good. The soil is No. 1, and well adapted for gardening. Any one in want of those wishing to embark in the business will call at once and secure a good bargain, as this is a rare chance.

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VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

New Distillery Law—Frauds Still Practiced—Rowing Match—Scarcity of Money in the South—Tobacco Crop.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—It is stated by some of the leading officers of the Internal Revenue Department of this city, that the new law in relation to distilleries which went into operation on the 1st of September has failed to prevent the frauds in the manufacture of whisky for which it was enacted. Liquor can still be obtained at less than the cost of the duty imposed on it, and this fact conclusively proves that no tax has been paid upon it. One of the leading sections of the new law provides that an inspector shall be placed in charge of each distillery day and night, and that locks of intricate construction shall be placed on the doors of each. Only a few inspectors have been appointed, but it is believed that all the positions will be filled by December.

Some of the Federal locks, designed for the distilleries, have been received in this city by the Revenue Inspectors, and the remainder will be here next week. They are now being placed on the doors of the buildings devoted to the manufacture of whisky.

The single scull rowing match between Gilbert Ward, of Cornwall, and William Stevens, of Poughkeepsie, for three hundred dollars, which was to have come off yesterday was unavoidably postponed on account of the roughness of the water. The race will come off on the first fair day.

The Montgomery, Alabama, *Advertiser* says in regard to the scarcity of money: This state of affairs may be ascribed to several causes. In the three last months time past cotton has been moving to market in small quantities, and readily sold at prevailing prices, but most of the money from this source has but most of the money from this source has been sent out of the State to meet the advance made in the season for implements, animals, &c., or has been hoarded up by the cautious, &c., or has been hoarded up by the cautious, and providient for future and more pressing necessities. We know at least that instead of an increase of circulation, the scarcity of money seems to be greater than ever, notwithstanding these sales of cotton.

The Richmond *Examiner* says of the tobacco crop in some of the counties where labor has been uncertain and inadequate: Yet, even in these counties the crop will be better than was supposed, but in Pittsylvania, Henry and Patrick counties, and in adjacent counties of South Carolina the crop is excellent both in quality and quantity. The *Examiner* estimates the entire crop of Virginia at two-thirds that of 1860.

Convention of Locomotive Engineers.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—The grand international division of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers commenced their annual session in this city to-day. Mr. Charles Wilson, of Rochester, presides. The Association was organized in Detroit in 1863, and has for its object the improvement of the condition of locomotive engineers, and to urge upon railroad officials the propriety of adopting such rules as tend to harmonize the relations existing between the employees and employers, and discountenance all strikes, believing that the interests of each can better be served by more just and rational means. Between sixty and seventy delegates are present, representing all parts of the country.

Railroad Robbers Captured.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 14.—The Superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad reports that the robbers who recently committed the depredation on that road have been captured by the Franklin expedition.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES SMITH. THOMAS BOOTH. R. A. YOUNG, THOMAS BROWN.

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.

Having purchased the old established Brewery known as the ALLEGHENY BREWERY, formerly owned by Boswell & Boehm, we would inform the public that we intend continuing the manufacture of

SPRING WATER ALES,

Made from Pure Spring Water, and from our facilities, and long experience in the business, are satisfied that we will be enabled to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor us with their patronage.

SMITH & CO.,

465 Rebecca Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

All orders left at BROWN & GRAHAM'S, 293 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to. oc6:84

SALE OF CONDEMNED ORDINANCE AND ORDINANCE STORES.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at FORT MONROE ARSENAL, Old Point Comfort, Va., on TUESDAY, the 23d day of November, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large quantity of Stores, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

26 Field and Siege Cannon, cast iron, of various calibres;
81,670 Shot, Shells and Spherical Case, for smooth bore and rifled guns;
70 Merrill's Carbines, new and repaired;
80 Enfield Rifled Muskets, cal. .577;
28 Henry's and Spencer's Repeating Rifles;
80 Foreign Rifles, "various," cal. .54;
50 Smooth Bore Muskets, mod. 1842, cal. .69;
240 do do altered to percussion cal. .69;
16 Smooth Bore Muskets, flint lock, cal. .69;
217 Revolvers "Whitney's and Remington's" Navy, cal. .36;
1,169 Cavalry and Artillery Sabres;
111 Swords. Musl lans and non-commissioned officers.

Fourteen days will be allowed for the removal of stores.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH.

T. G. BAYLOR,
Capt. of Ord. and Byt. Col. U. S. A. Com'g.
no2:tuth2

STEAM TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN (IRELAND) TWICE A WEEK. The INMAN LINE, sailing

EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY WEDNESDAY
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

Tickets sold to and from Ireland, England, Scotland, Germany and France.
Apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, N. Y.,
Or, WM. M. BELL, Pa. Ag't,
Adams' Express Office, Pittsburgh.
oc24:tu,th,s8

MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES
Vaults, Fountains,
Statuary, Vases,
AND
DESIGNS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
T. BROOME,
No. 90 Penn Street.
oc24

BUY THE BEST,
PETROLIA BLUE LEAD,
FOR OIL REFINERS,
Manufactured only and for sale by
T. H. NEVIN & CO.,
Pioneer Paint Works,
N. W. Cor. 3d and Market Sts.,
oc19 PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRIVATE DISEASES.
DR. YOUNG, late of Philadelphia, No. 75 Third street, treats all descriptions of Private diseases with unparalleled success.
Particular attention to Gonorrhœa and diseases of the Urinary Organs. His treatment is the same being the most successful ever employed by any physician, and a speedy cure to the afflicted.
Ladies will find his Uterine Magnetic superior to any other treatment for removing all obstructions to the healthy menstrual flood. No. 1, One Dollar per bottle. No. 2, which is four degrees strong, or, as designed for obstinate cases, Five Dollars per bottle.
Office hours 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., 6 P. M. to 8 P. M.
Address, with stamp, DR. YOUNG, No. 75 Third street, Pittsburgh.
oc24:tu,th,s8

NEW PAPER HANGINGS.
FOR PARLORS—French Designs, with Gold Borders.
FOR LIBRARIES—Pompeian Patterns on Orange ground.
FOR HALLS—New Greek Patterns on Red Clay ground.
FOR CHAMBERS—Lace and Muslin Patterns for Gay Colorings.
For sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
oc18 87 Wood street.

BUY YOUR NOTIONS,
Toys, Baskets,
VARIETIES, &c., AT
J. G. Lauer's Variety Store,
le10 101 MARKET STREET.

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS, Northwest Corner of West Common, ALLEGHENY.
FRED. ALTVATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND STEP STONES, FLAGS FOR SIDE WALKS, BREWERY VAULTS, &c., HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., &c.
Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE. oc31:m3m

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of
ANCHOR(A) SHEETINGS,
ANCHOR(B) SHEETINGS,
ANCHOR(C) SHIRTINGS.

HOMINY.
100 bbls. new prime White Flint for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 203 Liberty street.

CHEESE.
300 boxes Goshen, Factory and Hamburg for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 203 Liberty street.

BROOMS.
100 dozen for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 203 Liberty street.

LARD OIL.
75 bbls. Extra Refined and warranted Winter strained, for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 203 Liberty street.

WINDOW SHADES—A new lot of new and neat-tint designs on Green, Tan, and Buff Grounds. Gold and Painted Borders, at No. 107 Market street.
oc27 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

WALL PAPER—Of all grades, for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms and Kitchens, in great variety, at No. 107 Market street.
oc27 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

50 CANS COLEMAN'S MUSTARD
English, received and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,
oc31 Wholesale Druggists, 57 Wood street.

PH. R. MERTZ,
Banker and Broker,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.
London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.
Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY, November 14, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as reported by Robinson, McClean & Co., were as follows: Gold, 145½; 1881's, 114; 5-20's old, 110; 5-20s '65, 107½; 5-20s, new issue, 109¼; 7-30s, 1st series, 107½; second and third, 105¾. Michigan Southern R. R., 88½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 88½; Erie R. R., 81½; Union Telegraph Company, 50½; Chicago & North Western, 73½; Chicago & Rock Island, 107¼.

—The funding is not proceeding rapidly enough, although making respectable progress. The New York *Tribune* remarks that congress should without delay authorize Mr. McCullough to pay a commission large enough to set every Bank and Broker throughout the country to exchange 7-30 for 5-20 Bonds.

—The custom duties for gold are gradually falling off, being a million less than last season thus far in November. It would probably be very convenient for the treasury to realize in the course of the next few weeks on $20 000,000 or $25,000,000 of its present large surplus, and to apply the premium to the further reduction of the principal of the public debt; but we doubt whether the Secretary will be disposed to follow down the price until he gets rid of all that he may be disposed to turn into currency at present, and then leave the market to be run up again by the combinations of the gold room; the rapid and arbitrary fluctuations both ways being equally detrimental to the reasonable stability of trade, and the steady collection of the customs and internal revenues.

—The tax upon stocks of national banks is exerting some feeling among shareholders, who have been presented with bills from the tax office. The commissioners are in possession of complete lists of shareholders, and the tax cannot be avoided by any person. As the law makes the bank liable at its place of business for the tax, and in the absence of payment by the shareholders, some banks in New York have determined to assume the payment of the tax and charge it to the shareholders. This course will probably be pursued here also.

—According to the official memoranda published for the information of holders of United States 7-30s notes, the following general directions are given for the conversion of these securities into 5-20 bonds. Interest on the 7-30 notes is credited from August 15, 1865, the date of conversion, at 7-30 per cent; and the interest on the 5-20 bonds is charged from July 1, 1866, to date of conversion at 6 per cent—difference in interest received in currency. All notes must be endorsed "Pay the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," and endorsed by the depositor. Notes made payable to order must have the endorsement verified. A circular on this subject from the Treasurer's office, at Washington, under date November 10th, gives the following specific information:

"Payment of interest arising in settlement of 7-30 notes sent to the secretary of the Treasury for conversion into United States 6 per cent bonds, as of March, 1865, should be made either in currency or by National bank draft, drawn on any other National bank in this or any of the four principal Atlantic cities, which, when collected, will be received in payment of said interest. When the remittance for such interest is sent in the same envelope with the notes forwarded for conversion, the amount should be specified in the letter advising transmission of the notes, and the currency or draft enclosed in a letter addressed to the Treasury of the United States, with the contents marked on the outside. Drafts in payment of interest should be made payable to the Treasurer of the United States. Remittances for such interest, when not sent with the notes, should be forwarded to the Treasurer of the United States. Parties sending 7-30 notes for conversion should state the denomination of bonds required, and whether they will be registered or coupon bonds. If registered stock is requested, the parties should be particular and state at which of the following places they desire the interest payable: Washington, D. C., New York, Philadelphia, Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, Baltimore, Cincinnati or Chicago.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, November 14, 1866.

The operations in the general markets continue rather light, as the demand for most of the leading commodities is restricted mainly to supplying the wants of the local trade, and, consequently, round lot operations are of rare occurrence. So far, however, as values are concerned, there are no changes worthy of special notice.

GRAIN—Wheat is a shade firmer, in consequence of an advance in Chicago, but there is no improvement to note in the demand. Sales in better supply and a traction lower—sale of 600 bush at 80—small sales in store at 75 to 78. New Corn is very dull, being offered at 70, without finding buyers—no sales of old. Rye is wanted at $1,20, and but little offering. Barley continues to come in pretty freely, but the market is a little dull and unsettled, and we omit quotations in the absence of sales.

FLOUR—Is dull and steady with a fair local demand, and if anything, the market is a shade firmer. We continue to quote at $12½ to $12½ for good to choice Spring Wheat brands, and $13 to $14 for Winter Wheat. Rye Flour is quoted at $8¾ to $8¾—sales of Buckwheat, in store, at $4.

APPLES—More active, though the receipts continue large, and the supply is considerably in excess of the demand. We can report the following sales on track: 187 bbls common at $2,25 per bbl; 130 do fair at $2,35; 150 do prime at $3,25; and 150 do choice at $4.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand, but prices are without quotable change. Prime Peach Blows $2,50 per bbl; and prime Jersey Sweets are $5 per bbl.

HAY—Prime baled Hay is in steady demand, and sells readily at $24 to $25. Common and inferior is dull and neglected.

CRANBERRIES—With a light supply and steady demand, the market may be quoted firm at $15 per bbl for common, and $20 for cultivated.

CHEESE—Continues dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, but prices remain unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull and nominally unchanged. Lard is quoted at 15 to 15½, for prime Kettle rendered. No movement in Mess Pork.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches are selling in a regular way at 18 to 20, for quarters and halves mixed; and 22 to 24 for halves. There is not enough doing in Apples to establish quotations.

BUTTER—Prime Roll is in fair demand and good supply; regular sales at 50 to 52.

EGGS—Scarce and in demand, and fresh packed may be quoted at 30.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is in good demand, and we can report sales at $3 to $3,10—the latter figure at mills. Timothy is dull at $3. No movement in Clover.

ONIONS—Selling in a regular way from store at $2,50 to $3 per bbl, as to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, November 14, 1866.

CRUDE—The Crude market is steady but without decided change, one way or the other. The receipts continue very light, and as the available supply is getting pretty well reduced, there is not the same disposition manifested on the part of holders to sell that there was a day or two since, and while it is conceded that the market is a shade stronger, it is equally true that there is nothing in the trade at present to justify an advance. We continue to quote at 10½ to 11 bbls returned and in bulk, and 15½ to 16, bbls included, according to gravity, and the demand is restricted almost entirely to good gravities—sale of 900 bbls at 11; and 1200 at same figure. We have no late advices from Oil City—the eastern news is unimportant.

REFINED—There is no new feature in the market for bonded oil worthy of special notice. There is still some inquiry, both for present and future delivery, and but little offering this side of Jan'ary. We can report a sale of 1000 bbls for December delivery, in bulk, at 35, and 500 for February, at 35½. On the cars here we continue to quote at 29 to 29½, and 35½ to 36, delivered in Philadelphia. Free oil is dull; standard brands may be quoted at 50, for 25 to 30 barrel lots.

ARRIVALS—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

Sneathen & Co.			
Jas. Gallagher	121	Fisher & Bro.	81
Barbour & Co.	96	W. P. Logan	227
Total	96		308

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The Dry Goods Market shows more combination and more hopeful signs for the future. Yesterday afternoon there were more buyers in the market and this morning there are further increased demand, causing more activity than since the prices of leading goods by some leading jobbers on Monday and yesterday also caused an increased demand from merchants to buy, and, altogether, a much more satisfactory business is doing.

Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, November 13.—The fresh receipts of Beef Cattle to-day on the Union Stock Yards are 931 head. Entered sales, 400 head, at prices ranging from $4,75 for common to fair cows, and from $5@5,20 for medium steers. The receipts are light, and, with the unfavorable reports from New York, it is fortunate that there is no case. There is little or no demand for cattle, and we would advise shippers in the country to keep back their stock until the market takes a more favorable turn.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, November 13.—Wheat—Firm but demand light; sales in car lots are reported at $2,40@2,55 for No. 1 Milwaukee and Chicago Spring. Round lots of No. 2 offered at $2,15 without buyers. Corn firmer and better held at $1 for No. 1 mixed; 98c for No. 2 do. Oats better and in fair demand, held at 48 to 50 for No. state. Rye—held at $1,25 for No. 1. Barley held at $1,05@1,15 for No. 1 Canada; 85 to $1 for No. 2 State.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, November 14.—Flour Market buoyant; sales of Western at $12,25@13,75. Wheat quiet. Corn unsettled; Yellow $1,09@1 10. Oats unchanged. Provisions have a declining tendency. Lard and Bacon unchanged. Whiskey steady.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial Matters in New York.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Money fairly active, chiefly at 5 per cent. Sterling dull, at 108¾@109¼. Gold scarcely so firm, opening at 144¾, advancing to 145¼, declining to 144¾, and closing at 144¾. Government stocks a shade easier. Stocks steady; Rock Island, 107; Northwestern, 81½; Michigan Central, 113½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 88½; Michigan Southern, 85; Reading, 114; Erie, 78; do preferred, 84; New York Central, 112¾; Pacific Mail, 250; Atlantic Mail, 110; Western Union Telegraph, 50¼; Ten-Fortties, coupons, 109½; Seven-Thirties, second series, 105¾; do. third series, 105¾; Alton & Terre Haute, 45; Cleveland & Toledo, 115½.

The *Commercial's* money article says: The money market shows a tendency toward increased ease, the effect perhaps rather of a diminished demand from brokers than of any change in the condition of the banks. Foreign stock firms are again able to borrow on stock collaterals at 4 per cent., though 5 per cent. is the predominate rate. Discounts are somewhat active. There is a large supply of paper on the market, and some pressure to sell. The rate for prime names is 6@6½ per cent. Foreign Exchange nominal, at 109@109¼ for prime bankers' 60 days sterling. The large